[MAY, MDCCLXVIII.] [NUMB. 127.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1768.

TO BE SOLD,

TUESDAY *the Thirty-firſt Day of* MAY *Inſtant, at the Exchange-Houſe in Charles-Town, the following Tracts of Land, formerly belonging to* GEORGE LUCAS, *Eſq; viz.*

FIFTEEN Hundred Acres on Saltcatcher River, butting and bounding at the Time of the Grant thereof, to the Weſt on Saltcatcher River, to the Northweſt on the Honourable Othniel Beale, Eſq; to the Northeaſt on vacant Land, and to the Southeaſt on William Rhett, junior.

One Hundred Acres at Wappoo in St. Andrew's Pariſh.

Seven Hundred and Fifty Acres at Waccamaw, butting and bounding at the Time of the Grant thereof, to the Northeaſtward on Waccamaw River, to the Southeaſtward and Weſtward on Land of Adam Stewart, and on all other Sides, on vacant Land.

Fifteen Hundred Acres in Kingſton Townſhip, on Waccamaw River.

One Hundred Acres, ſituated on Combahee River, and Weſt on Lands of the Honourable Othniel Beale, North on vacant Land, and South on the River.

Five Hundred Acres on Waccamaw River, in Kingſton Townſhip, bounded to the South-Eaſt on James Smith's Land, and on all other Sides on vacant Land.

Time till the firſt of January next, for Payment, giving Security, and a Diſcount for ready Money.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

AT MOTT'S

FANCY WATER WARE-HOUSE,

In BROUGHTON'S ALLEY;

Juſt imported in the Ship Nancy, Capt. Jordan, *from London*; a large and general Aſſortment of printed Linens, Damaſcus's, Moxeens, and Cheneſt Dimities, ſtriped Hollands, Thread and Cambricks, Diapers of all Sorts, Iriſh Huckabacks, Sheeting Linen, checked and printed Handkerchiefs, Garters, Breaſt Knots, Scarfs, Crab Colour and black Silk Handkerchiefs, Fans, Gloves, Hoſiery, &c. &c. which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms for CASH.

N. B. The Subſcriber is juſt returned from a Trip to the *Northern Colonies*, and has purchaſed a large Aſſortment of Goods, which he will diſpoſe of for One Half and a half for One. Time will be given for the Remainder, if required, to the Middle of *January* next, on Bonds with Security, to the Amount of 100 *l.* Sterling and upwards. Any Perſon who will favour him with a freſh Importation in the *Union*, Captain Coombes, from *London*, ſhall be entitled to the Benefit of the Diſcount.

GODFREY & GADSDEN,

Juſt imported in the Ship Union, Captain Coombes, from LONDON, a large Variety of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms for CASH, at their Store in BROUGHTON'S ALLEY, CHARLES-TOWN, viz.

Brown and colour'd Satteens and mantuas, of all Sorts, and many other kinds of Silks for Gowns, Jumps and Aprons, brown and blue Broadcloths, from 7*s.* to 5*l.* a yard, ſail duck; a large Aſſortment of Iriſh linens, calicoes and chints from 5*d.* a yard, diaper and damaſk napkining, Iriſh, Scots and Ruſſia Sheeting, with moſt other kinds of linen drapery goods, ſagathies, duroys, alloperns, fuſtians, velvets and ſtuffs for mens ſummer wear, &c. and ſuitable things, calimancoes, princes ſtuff, black ruſſel, bombazets and Engliſh perſians, farſenet, plain and flowered ſattins, gunpowder, bar and ſheet lead, bullets and ſhot, tin ware, Welch's beſt ſnuff, and ſuperfine Oronoko tobacco, hats and caps for boys, cotton cards, bird cages, brooms, looking glaſſes and prints, matraſſes, Flanders tick, currants, raiſins, prunes, pepper and other ſpices, muſtard, ſweet oil, coffee, chocolate and ſugar, bohea tea, red lead, oakum, paint, knives and ſciſſars in caſes, buckles, razors, ſilk fiſhing lines, needles in quantities of one hundred, butter prints, hair ſieves, corſets, caſtor and beaver hats, white and black blond and other laces, black and white ſilk and cotton gauzes, very good and thread pavillion gauze, and thread netting for caps, muſlins, lawns, ball lamps, glaſs ſhades, and other glaſs, china and ſtone ware, &c. &c. Alſo rum, wine, ſalt, ſoap, and lime, with American and Weſt-India goods. 6*w.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

GEORGE BEDON, intending to depart the Province, and in order to entitle himſelf to the Benefit of the Attachment Act, that no Pretence may be made to put the ſame in Execution againſt his Eſtate during his Abſence, GIVES THIS NOTICE thereof, and that, in the mean Time, he will be ready to appear and give Bail to any Suit or Summons that ſhall be iſſued againſt him, in Terms of the ſaid Act.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. William Bowen, deceaſed, have this public Notice, that if they do not make Payment to me before the twenty-firſt of next Month, that after that Time, they will be obliged to do it by an Attorney at Law, as there is an abſolute Neceſſity of ſettling ſaid Eſtate.—He likewiſe gives Notice to all thoſe that are indebted to himſelf, that he ſhall act as above.

April 25, 1768. GEORGE BEDON.

BOSTON, APRIL 4.

The following is a Copy of a LETTER *ſent from the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives of this Province to the Right Honourable the Earl of* CAMDEN, *Lord High Chancellor of* Great-Britain.

Province of the *Maſſachuſetts-Bay*, *January* 29, 1768.

My LORD,

YOUR great knowledge of the conſtitution and laws of the nation, of the juſt extent of parliamentary authority, and the rights of Britiſh ſubjects, is a prevailing inducement to the Houſe of Repreſentatives of this his Majeſty's Province, to addreſs your Lordſhip at a time when *your* attention to the Britiſh Colonies, their connection with and dependence upon the Mother State, and their rights as ſubjects, ſeems to be neceſſary and important, not to them alone, but to the whole Empire.

This Houſe can ſpeak only for the people of one Province: But no Aſſembly on this continent, it is preſumed, can long be ſilent, under an apprehenſion, that without the aid of ſome powerful advocate, the liberties of America will be no more.

It is a cauſe which the Houſe is aſſured your Lordſhip has at heart: And the paſt experience of your Patronage, and the noble exertions you were pleaſed to make for them in a late time of diſtreſs, affords the ſtrongeſt reaſon to hope that your happy influence will ſtill be employed in their behalf, as far as your Lordſhip will judge to be right.

If in all free States, the conſtitution is fixed; and the ſupreme legiſlative power of the nation, from thence derives its authority: Can that power overleap the bounds of the conſtitution, without ſubverting its own foundation! If the remoteſt ſubjects, are bound by the ties of allegiance, which this people and their fore-fathers have ever acknowledged; are they not by the rules of equity, entitled to all the rights of that conſtitution which aſcertains and limits both ſovereignty and allegiance. If it is an eſſential unalterable right in nature, ingrafted into the Britiſh conſtitution as a fundamental law, and ever held ſacred and irrevokeable by the ſubjects within the realm, that *what is a man's own is abſolutely his own*; and that no man hath a right to take it from him without his conſent; May not the ſubjects of this Province, with decent firmneſs, which has always diſtinguiſhed the happy ſubjects of Britain, plead and maintain this natural conſtitutional right.

The ſuperintending authority of his Majeſty's high Court of Parliament over the whole Empire, in all caſes which can conſiſt with the fundamental rights of the conſtitution, was never queſtioned in this Province, nor, as this Houſe conceive, in any other: But they intreat your Lordſhip's reflection one moment, on an Act of Parliament paſſed in the laſt ſeſſion; and another in the fourth of his preſent Majeſty's reign; both impoſing duties on his ſubjects in America, which as they are impoſed with the ſole and expreſs purpoſes of raiſing a revenue, are in effect taxes. The poſition, that taxation and repreſentation are inſeparable, is founded on the immutable laws of nature. But the Americans had no repreſentation in the Parliament, when they were taxed: Are they not then unfortunate in theſe inſtances, in having that ſeparated, which God and Nature had joined. Such are the locul circumſtances of the Colonies, at the diſtance of a thouſand leagues from the metropolis, and ſeparated by a wide ocean, as will forever render a juſt and equal repreſentation in the ſupreme legiſlative, utterly impracticable. Upon this conſideration, it is conceived, that his Majeſty's royal predeceſſors thought it equitable to form legiſlative bodies in America, as perfectly free as a ſubordination to the ſupreme legiſlative would admit of, that the ineſtimable right, of being taxed only by Repreſentatives of their own free election, might be preſerved and ſecured to their ſubjects here. The Americans have ever been conſidered by the nation as ſubjects remote; and ſucceeding Kings, even to the preſent happy reign, and until theſe Acts were made, have always directed their requiſitions, to be laid before the Repreſentatives of their people in America, with which this Province, and it is preſumed, all the other Colonies, have with the utmoſt chearfulneſs complied. Muſt it not then be grievous to ſubjects, who have in many repeated inſtances, afforded the ſtrongeſt marks of loyalty, and zeal for the honour and ſervice of their Sovereign, to be now called upon, in a manner, which implies a diſtruſt of a free and willing compliance. Such is the misfortune of the Coloniſts, not only in the inſtances before-mentioned, but alſo in the caſe of the Act for preventing mutiny and deſertion; which requires the Governor and Council to provide enumerated articles for the King's marching troops, and the people to pay the expence.

This is a great change; and in its nature delicate and important. Your Lordſhip will form your own judgment, of the wiſdom of making ſuch a change, without the moſt preſſing reaſon, or an abſolute neceſſity. There can be no neceſſity, my Lord, as this Houſe humbly conceive: The ſubjects of this Province, and undoubtedly in all the Colonies, however they have been otherwiſe repreſented to his Majeſty's Miniſters, are loyal: They are firmly attached to the Mother State: They always conſider her intereſt and their own as inſeparably interwoven, and it is their fervent wiſh that it may ever ſo remain: All they deſire, is to be reſtored to the ſtanding upon which they were originally put; to have the honour and privilege, of voluntarily contributing to the aid of their Sovereign, when required: They are free ſubjects; and it is hoped the nation will never conſider them as in a tributary ſtate.

It is humbly ſubmitted to your Lordſhip, whether ſubjects can be ſaid to enjoy any degree of freedom, if the Crown in addition to its undoubted authority of conſtituting Governors, ſhould be authorized to appoint ſuch ſtipends for them, as it ſhall judge proper, at their expence, and without their conſent. This is the unhappy ſtate to which his Majeſty's ſubjects in the Colonies are reduced, by the Act for granting certain duties on Paper, and other articles. A power without a check is always unſafe; and in ſome future time may introduce an abſolute government into America. The Judges of the land here do not hold their commiſſions during good behaviour: Is it not then juſtly to be apprehended that at ſo great a diſtance from the Throne, the fountain of national juſtice, with ſalaries altogether independent of the people, an arbitrary rule may take effect, which ſhall deprive a Bench of Juſtice of its glory, and the people of their ſecurity.

When a queſtion ariſes on the public adminiſtration, the nation will judge and determine in conformity to its political conſtitution: The great end of the conſtitution is univerſal liberty; and this Houſe reſts aſſured, that your Lordſhip's great intereſt in the national Councils, will always be engaged on the ſide of liberty and truth.

Signed by the Speaker.

Copy of a Letter to the Right Hon. the Earl of CHATHAM.

Province of the *Maſſachuſetts-Bay*, *February* 9, 1768.

My LORD,

THE particular attention you were pleaſed to give to the intereſt of the American ſubjects when their Rights were in danger; and your noble and ſucceſsful efforts in ſupport of them, have left in the breaſts of all, the indeliable marks of gratitude. The Houſe of Repreſentatives of this his Majeſty's Province, having reaſon to be aſſured, that in every inſtance of your public conduct, you are influenced by the principles of virtue, and a diſintereſted public affection, beg leave to manifeſt to your Lordſhip a teſtimony of their full confidence in you, by imploring your repeated aid and patronage, at this time, when the cloud again gathers thick over them.

It muſt afford the utmoſt ſatisfaction to the diſtreſſed Coloniſts, to find your Lordſhip ſo explicitly declaring your ſentiments in that grand principle of nature, that *what a man hath honeſtly acquired, is abſolutely and unconſtrainably his own*. This principle is eſtabliſhed as a fundamental rule in the Britiſh conſtitution, which eminently hath its foundation in the laws of nature; and conſequently it is the indiſputable right of all men, more eſpecially of a Britiſh ſubject, to be preſent in perſon, or by repreſentation, in the body where he is taxed.

But however fixed your Lordſhip, and ſome others may be, in this cardinal point, it is truly mortifying to many of his Majeſty's free and loyal ſubjects, that even in the Britiſh Parliament, that ſanctuary of liberty and juſtice, a different ſentiment ſeems of late to have prevailed.

Unwilling to intrude upon your attention to the great affairs of State, the Houſe would only refer your Lordſhip to an Act paſſed in the fourth year of the preſent Reign, and another in the laſt ſeſſion of Parliament; both impoſing duties on the Americans, who were not repreſented, with the ſole and expreſs purpoſe of raiſing a revenue! What, my Lord, have the Coloniſts done, to forfeit the character and privilege of ſubjects, and to be reduced in effect to a tributary ſtate? This Houſe may appeal to the nation, that the utmoſt aid of the people has been chearfully given, when his Majeſty required it: Often, on their own motion, and when almoſt ready to ſuccumb under the expence of defending their own borders, their zeal has carried them abroad, for the honour of their Sovereign, and the defence of his Rights: Of this, my Lord, not to mention any more, the reduction of Louiſburgh in the year 1745, and the defence of his Majeſty's garriſon at Annapolis, and of all Nova-Scotia, will be a ſtanding monument. Can there then be a neceſſity for ſo great a change, and in its nature ſo delicate and important, that inſtead of having the honour of his Majeſty's requiſitions laid before their Repreſentatives here, as has been invariably the uſage, the Parliament ſhould now tax them without their conſent!

The enemies of the Coloniſts, for ſuch they unfortunately have, may have repreſented them to his Majeſty's Miniſters, and the Parliament, as factious, undutiful, diſloyal: They, my Lord, are equally the enemies of Britain: Such is your extenſive knowledge of mankind, and the ſentiments and diſpoſition of the Colonies in general, that this Houſe would freely venture to reſt the character of their conſtituents in your Lordſhip's judgment: Surely, it is no ill diſpoſition in the loyal ſubjects of a patriot King, with a decency and firmneſs, adapted to their character, to aſſert their freedom.

The Colonies, as this Houſe humbly conceive, cannot be repreſented in the Britiſh Parliament: Their local circumſtances, at the diſtance of a thouſand leagues beyond the ſeas, forbids, and will for ever render it impracticable: This, they apprehend, was the reaſon, that his Majeſty's royal predeceſſors ſaw fit to erect ſubordinate legiſlative bodies in America, as perfectly free as the nature of things would admit, that their remote ſubjects might enjoy that ineſtimable right, a repreſentation. Such a legiſlative is conſtituted by the royal Charter of this Province. In this Charter, the King for himſelf, his heirs and ſucceſſors, grants to the inhabitants all the lands and territories therein deſcribed, in free and common ſoccage; as ample eſtate as the ſubjects can hold under the Crown: Together with all the rights, liberties, privileges and immunities of his natural ſubjects, born within the realm; of which the moſt eſſential, is a power

invested in the General Assembly, to levy proportionable and reasonable taxes on the estates and persons of the inhabitants, for the service of his Majesty, and the necessary defence and support of his government of the Province, and the protection and preservation of the inhabitants. But though they were originally, and always, since their settlement, have been considered as subjects remote, they have ever cherished a warm affection for the Mother State, and a regard for the interest and happiness of their fellow subjects in Britain. If then the Colonies are charged with the most distant thought of an independency, your Lordship may be assured, that with respect to the people of this Province, and it is presumed, of all the Colonies, the charge is unjust.

Nothing would have prevailed upon the House to have given your Lordship this trouble, but the necessity of a powerful advocate, when their liberty is in danger: Such they have more than once found you to be; and as they humbly hope they have never forfeited your patronage, they intreat that your great interest in the national Councils may still be employed in their behalf, that they may be restored to the standing of free subjects.

That your Lordship may enjoy a firm state of health, and long be continued a great blessing to the nation and her Colonies, is the ardent wish of this House.

Signed by the Speaker.

SAVANNAH, (in Georgia) APRIL 27.

THE 23d *of April* 1768, *being the anniversary of St. George, the tutelar saint of England, a number of the inhabitants of the town of Savannah, and also several gentleman from the country, met at the house of John Lyon, where a genteel entertainment was provided, and the day spent in harmony and mirth, when the following loyal toasts were given, viz.—The King—The Queen and Royal Family—Long life to Pitt.—Success to the Colonies—The American friends in Great-Britain and Ireland—Success to trade—Friends to Liberty and the Province—Unanimity between the Colonies and Mother Country—Col. Barre—The Pennsylvania Farmer—The Marquis of Rockingham—Gen. Howard—May the friends of the Stamp Act never preside in our Assemblies—The late worthy Representatives for the Town of Savannah—May we never want a Pitt to bury his Majesty's enemies in—The Duke of Grafton—The worthy fifteen who so nobly supported the liberties of their constituents in the late Assembly—Great Plenty and a free Election—Gen. Oglethorpe, the founder of this province—The worthy Speaker of the late Assembly—May we never want men of spirit and abilities to support our liberties—May the Colonies ever maintain and support their rights and privileges—The immortal memory of the late Duke of Cumberland—The Citizen of Pennsylvania—May the ensuing Assembly correspond in sentiments with the generous fifteen of the last—Loyalty to his Majesty, and Liberty and Property to his Subjects in America—The glorious Majority who obtained a Repeal of the Stamp Act—The friends of America in the House of Lords—Those who dare be honest in the worst of times—Success to the American Manufactures—May all great men be good and good men great—Success to all loyal Americans.*

CHARLES-TOWN, MAY 10.

AT the Court of General Sessions, Assize, &c. which began the 18th of last Month, Fifty-five Bills of Indictment were given out to the Grand Jury, who returned Forty-four true Bills. On Friday last at the Adjournment of the Court, Thomas Caton, jun. convicted of forging an Order for the Delivery of Goods, and Edward Wells for robbing Dennis Hayes in his own House, were sentenced to be hanged on Wednesday the 18th instant, Hezekiah Tyrrel, convicted of wilfully burning the Corn-House of Michael Watson, during the late Disturbances in the back Settlements, was sentenced to be hanged on Wednesday the 1st of June next. Thomas Owen, jun. convicted of wilfully burning the House of Anthony Distoe, during the said Disturbances, pleaded his Majesty's Pardon. William Malloy, John Hervey, James Johnson, and Benjamin Hutto, convicted of Horse-stealing, George Heyward and Thomas Johnson found guilty of Grand Larceny, were burnt in the Hand, William Hoddie and Thomas Avery for Petit Larceny, were ordered to be whipt: And nine Persons convicted of Misdemeanours, were severally fined, &c. Thomas Floyd and Mark Nettles, some time since convicted of Murder and under Sentence of Death, but their Execution respited by his Excellency the Governor till the King's Pleasure should be known, were discharged, having received his Majesty's most gracious and free Pardon.

Friday last embarked and sailed for Rhode-Island, in the Sloop Charles-Town, Joseph Durfee, Master, Charles Dudley, Esq; lately appointed Collector for that Port, Mr. Plowden Weston, Merchant, Miss —— Hollybush, Capt. Simon Tufts, and several others.

"On Sunday the 24th of April last, was married in "Beaufort, by the Rev. Mr. Sumner, Mr. NICHOLAS "SLIDELL, to Miss POLLY HYRTH. The Bridegroom "to celebrate the happy Union, gave an elegant Entertain-"ment, to which those of the first Consequence were in-"vited." pd. 20s.

☞ The Presentments of the Grand Jury at the last Court of General Sessions, &c. not coming to Hand before this Morning, we are obliged to omit them until our next.

*** For Foreign and London Intelligence, see the Addition to this Day's Gazette;—and for the Deposition of WILLIAM HUNTER, see the Supplement.

Rice 60s. per the Hundred Weight.

May	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
3d.	Sloop John, Thomas Cunningham,	St. Croix
	Brig Philadelphia Packet, John Harrison,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Polly, David Morgan,	Honduras
7th.	Yacht Fanny, Eli Snow,	Boston
	Snow Henry, John Metcalf,	Liverpool
	Ship Hamilton, Robert Porter,	Cadiz
6th.	Brig Dolphin, George Stevenson,	Madera
7th.	Schooner Broughton-Island Packet, P. Bachop,	Georgia
	Schooner Vulcan, Stephen Tucker,	Turk's-Island
May	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	*For*
3d.	Ship Britannia, Francis Williams,	Cowes
5th.	Brig Philadelphia Packet, John Harrison,	London
6th.	Sloop John, Thomas Cunningham,	St. Croix
9th.	Ship Fair American, John Minshall,	Liverpool
	Schooner Linde Packet, Henry Rogers,	Honduras
	Sloop Sally, Nathan Keais,	Rhode-Island
May	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
3d.	Sloop Charles-Town, Joseph Durfee,	Rhode-Island
	Ship Martha, Gideon Manchester,	Jamaica
4th.	Schooner Margaret, George Mitchell,	Antigua
	Brig Eagle, William Cockle,	Barbados
	Schooner Betsey, John Ireland,	Antigua
5th.	Sloop Six Sisters, Downham Newton,	Providence
	Brig Savage, John Dickinson,	St. Eustatia
6th.	Ship Bacchus, Daniel Jackson,	Portugal
7th.	Brig Jolliff, William Bound,	Poole
9th.	Sloop Hawke, John Emerson,	Anguilla

New Advertisements.

TREASURER'S-OFFICE, MAY 5, 1768.

By Order of the Commons House of Assembly.

ALL Persons who are possessed of TAX CERTIFICATES, dated in and before the Year *One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty-five*, are desired and required to bring them in to this Office to be exchanged.

HENRY PERONNEAU, *Assistant-Treasurer.*

Charles-Town, May 2, 1768.

PROPOSALS,

For publishing by SUBSCRIPTION,

ALL the ACTS and ORDINANCES of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this PROVINCE, Now Extant and in Force, AT LARGE,

With an Index, Marginal Notes, and References.

ALSO,

The TITLES of the said Acts, and of all such Acts and Ordinances as are expired, repealed, obsolete, or contain a suspending Clause, and have not received the King's Assent.

CONDITIONS.

The Work is to be printed on good Paper, with a fair new Type; and will, as near as can be computed, be comprised in three Volumes, Folio.

The Price to Subscribers will be THIRTY POUNDS Currency each Set, to be paid within two Months after the Books, sewed in Boards and blue Paper, shall be ready to be delivered, and Notice thereof given in the Gazettes.

No more Copies will be printed than shall be subscribed for by the first Day of November next, when the Subscriptions will be closed, but if a sufficient Number be not then obtained, the Work will not be put to the Press.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received, till the above Time, by JOHN RUTLEDGE.

Charles-Town, May 2, 1768.

PROPOSALS,

For publishing by SUBSCRIPTION,

ALL the STATUTES and CLAUSES of STATUTES of *GREAT-BRITAIN*,

Which are expressly made of Force in this Province, by Acts of the General Assembly. With an Index, Marginal Notes and References, and a Table of the Acts.

CONDITIONS.

The Work will be contained in one Volume, Folio, to be printed on good Paper, with a fair new Type.

The Price to Subscribers will be TEN POUNDS Currency, to be paid in two Months after the Books, sewed in Boards and blue Paper, shall be ready to be delivered, and Notice thereof given in the Gazettes.

No more Copies will be printed than shall be subscribed for by the first Day of November next.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received, till the above Time, and no longer, by JOHN RUTLEDGE.

MISSING,

TITLE DEEDS of CONVEYANCE for a Tract of four hundred Acres of Land, situated in BERKLEY County, in the Parish of St. John, on the East Side of the Western Branch of Cooper River, butting and bounding to the Westward on Land laid out to John (or Josias) Alston, to the Northward on Land of Captain John Harris, to the Southward on Lands of Captain John Cuppell and John Hogges, to the Eastward on Lands not laid out; granted by the Lords Proprietors, the 4th March, 1704-5, conveyed by John Alston to Elias Ball, the 30th July, 1720. The said Deeds were lodged in the Hands of David Græme, Esq; some Time in or about the Year 1754, and by him lost or mislaid, supposed to have been given to a wrong Hand, in place of some other Deeds. The Person possessed of the said Deeds, or of the Plat and Grant, which were inclosed therein, are requested to deliver them to the Subscriber, who will pay any reasonable Reward that shall be required for so doing. HENRY LAURENS.

Charles-Town, May 7, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Brick Bridge is to be built over the Creek at the South End of New Church-Street leading to White-point. All Persons willing to undertake the same, are desired to give in their Proposals sealed up, to the Clerk of the Commissioners of the Streets, on or before Monday the 30th Instant, where a Plan of the same may be seen. *By Order of the Board,*

ELISHA POINSETT, Clerk.

THE Commissioners for cutting a Drain up the Channel of the Cypress Swamp, have determined, that an Avenue of 60 Feet wide, from Bacon's Bridge to the Road leading to the Orangeburgh Road, and commonly called the Cypress Road, shall be cut, that all standing Trees and Stumps shall be cut down within one Foot of the Surface of the Swamp, that the Trees so cut down, together with all Logs, and other Obstructions, shall be removed out of the said Avenue, and that a Drain shall be dug of Thirty Feet wide, and Three Feet deep in the shallowest Part of the Channel of the said Swamp, from Bacon's Bridge to the dividing Line between the Plantations belonging to the Estate of Adam Daniel, deceased, and Daniel Doyley, (the computed Distance of the Drain will be about three Miles). Those willing to undertake the cutting and compleating the same, are desired to send their Proposals in Writing to

JOHN JOOR,
DANIEL BLAKE,
DANIEL DOYLEY,
DAVID OLIPHANT,
WILLIAM SANDERS,
BENJAMIN WARING,
HENRY SMITH,
JAMES SANDERS,
JOHN JOOR, junior.

WAYNE & RUGER,

PAINTERS and GLAZIERS,

Take this Method of informing the Public, that they have opened a Shop on the Bay, lately occupied by BLAKE *and* TRENCH, *opposite to* FENWICKE BULL, *Esq'rs;*

WHERE they carry on the HOUSE and SHIP-PAINTING BUSINESS, in all its Branches; Signs and Floor Cloths, painted as neat as any from *London*; Gilding, Japanning, Glazing, &c. &c.

They will use their utmost Endeavours to finish their Customers Work in the neatest and genteelest Manner, and with the quickest Dispatch.

Charles-Town, May 9, 1768.

THE Subscriber having lately commenced Sole-Trader, for and upon her own Account, free and independant of her Husband THOMAS HARVEY, Butcher, as will appear by an Instrument of Writing recorded in the Secretary's Office, takes this Method of making it publickly known, that no Person whatever, whom it shall concern, may plead Ignorance thereof. ELIZABETH HARVEY.

On Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday Evenings, the 16th, 17th and 18th instant, will be sold by AUCTION, *at a Store in Tradd-Street, lately occupied by Mr.* JOHN EDWARDS;

A Large COLLECTION of valuable BOOKS, being the entire Libraries of several Gentlemen gone off the Province.

The Auction begins at Seven o'Clock.

THE Subscriber having taken Mr. JOHN MARLEY'S STABLES, in Meeting-street, gives this Notice to the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that they may depend on having the greatest Care taken with their Horses, as he has a Number of White Men to attend his Yard, and himself no other Employment to take him off from that Business; therefore hopes to render himself useful and agreeable to all Parties.—Chariots, Chairs, and Horses, taken in at any Hour of the Night, by his Men, who now live in the Yard.—He breaks Horses for the Saddle, and for all Kinds of Carriages.—He begs Leave to remind his Friends that he was the Person who cured almost all the Horses that had the Distemper the past Winter, that were sent to the said Yard, without receiving any Benefit to himself, which he hopes will be sufficient to recommend him to the Favour of the Public, and his Friends, whose Commands will most chearfully be complied with, by

Their most obedient, and
obliged humble Servant,
FRANCIS GREENSWORD.

N. B. He likewise carries on the FARRIER'S BUSINESS in all its Branches, on easier Terms than any other Person in Town.

FOUND by one of the Subscriber's Negroes, near the Eight Mile Post, between Ponpon and Mr. Rantowle's Bridge, a new black CAPUCHIN; any Person owning the same, paying for this Advertisement, and giving the Negro a small Reward for his Honesty, may have it again, by applying on John's Island, to JOHN FREER.

TWO HUNDRED POUNDS Currency, belonging to the JOHN'S-ISLAND SOCIETY, to be let, on good personal Security. Any Person wanting such a Sum, may apply to the Subscriber; who is in want of a SCHOOL-MASTER, to teach Reading, Writing and Arithmetick. Any Person bringing a good Character, will meet with proper Encouragement, but none need apply without.

JOHN FREER.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION or tract of eight hundred acres of land [illegible] swamp, in the parish of St. George, Dorchester, (about 30 miles from Charles-Town) three hundred acres of which is good uncleared rice land, well stored with cypress for sawing; the land in that swamp will soon be equal in value to the best rice land in the province, as a drain is shortly to be opened which will effectually prevent the damage arising from the fresh, and remove the only disadvantage those lands are at present under. For particulars, apply to Daniel Doyley, Esq; in Charles-Town, or the subscriber near Dorchester.

WILLIAM SANDERS.

TO BE LET,

THE HOUSE, STORES, and WHARF, lately occupied by WILLIAM KELSALL, & Co. in Beaufort, being a fine commodious House, and the best situated of any in the Place for Trade. Enquire of SAMUEL GROVE, in Charles-Town, or PETER LAVINE, in Beaufort.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subscriber,

A LOT of land in Ansonsbourg, where the late Hon. CHARLES SHINNER, Esq; deceased, lately lived, adjoining the land of Mr. Jonathan Badger, said lot measures 80 feet fronting upon the street, and is 546 feet deep, is of an exceeding good quality. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may apply at Mr. John Allen's, on Trott's-point, or at Mr. Samuel Smith's, at the upper end of Broad-street, to SAMUEL SCOTTOW.

THE Subscriber having removed to George-Town, gives this public Notice, that he carries on the SADDLER'S BUSINESS in all its Branches, as also the CHAIR-HARNESS BUSINESS, on reasonable Terms, and with Dispatch; and will be much obliged to all Persons who will please to favour him with their Commands, who may rely upon being well served, by *Their humble Servant,*

CONRAD BOTT.

For BOSTON,

(And will sail in ten days)

The Yacht FANNY,

(Lying at Mr. Morris's wharf)

FREIGHTERS and Passengers may treat on board with J. PECK.

Who has to sell a few Kitts of SALMON, and a Number of SEINES of various dimensions.

A YOUNG Woman, well recommended, would be glad to attend on a Lady going to England, on paying the Expence of her Passage. Enquire of Mr. James Courtonne, in Broad-Street.

ANDREW LORD,

Has just imported in the Ship Union, William Coombes, master, from London, a compleat ASSORTMENT of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN GOODS, suitable for the preſent ſeaſon, and will ſell them very reaſonable at his ſtore on the Bay, lately occupied by Meſſieurs David and John Deas, viz.

CROWLY's *broad hoes of different prices, falling and broad axes, felt, caſter and beaver hats of all prices, boys laced hats, with gold buttons and loops; a good aſſortment of hoſiery, ditto braſiery, 10 and 11 nail checks, 3-4th ſtripes, 7-8th and yard wide cotton checks, cotton gown patterns for quilts, figured, flowered and corded dimity, cotton counterpanes of different ſizes, great variety of ſilk Damaſcus for men's jackets, bed ticking, 3-4th, 7-8th and yard wide Iriſh linen, from 7ſ. to 40ſ. per yard, Iriſh laggans, 9-8th ſheeting, Iriſh dowlas, London porter in barrels and bottles, an aſſortment of Scots thread, mens, womens, boys and girls purple gloves and mitts, black and white glazed lamb ditto, men's buckſkin gloves, a good aſſortment of broad cloths, ditto ſtrouds, Weſton's ſnuff, ditto rapper, an aſſortment of hoſiery, ſome thread breeches patterns, a large aſſortment of ſtationary, Scots, Iriſh, and German oznabrugs, horſe hair ſeating matraſſes, Flanders ticks, 3-4th and 7-8th garlix, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, black pepper, currants, raiſins of the ſun, prunes, Jordan almonds, green, hyſon, ſouchong, bohea and Bohea teas, Florence oil, and all ſorts of pickles, linſeed oil, white lead in oil, Spaniſh brown, oaker, umber, red land, brimſtone, vermillion, all ſorts of tapes, black Barcelona handkerchiefs, cravats, pavillion gauze, thread and ſilk; chipt and Leghorn hats, quern ſtones, pigtail, Oronoko and ſpun cut tobacco, black and blue princes ſtuff, black and mazareen blue ſerge, durey, crow coloured mantua, black alamode, Manchester velvets, a compleat aſſortment of cutlery, childrens umbrellaes, Raven's duck, Ruſſia ſheeting, 3-4th dowlas, patches of callicoes, printed linens and cottons, brown hollands, clouting diaper, diaper and damaſk table cloths, nankeens, long lawn, cambricks, clear lawn, a great variety of India perſians, both plain and ſtriped; India chints, cotton ditto, India ſhades, with an aſſortment of glaſs ware, an aſſortment of table and tea china, an aſſortment of ribbons, Pruſſian bindings, broad and narrow gold and ſilver baſket hilts, Dorman's long pieces, red herrings in caſks containing 1000, ſingle refined London loaf ſugar, double refined beſt Batavia arrack in bottles, ſingle and double F gunpowder, ſalt petre, coffee, beſt Durham muſtard in pound half pound bottles, Harlem ſtripes, exceeding good tea, and a compleat aſſortment of ſhip chandlery, with a variety of other goods too tedious to enumerate.* tbctf.

THIS is to give Notice to the Reſidents and Non-Reſidents of the Pariſh of St. George, that a Tax of SHILLING currency is to be paid on all Slaves, and Hundreds of Land, and SIX PENCE on every at intereſt, for to defray the Expences of our pariſh Pariſh, to be paid by the Third Day of

ROBERT RAY,
GEORGE JOOR, } Collectors.

GEORGE PARKER,

Is to diſpoſe of very reaſonable, at his ſtore in Church-ſtreet, the corner of Elliott-ſtreet;

EXCEEDING fine North-Carolina BUTTER *in ſmall caſks, which is little inferior to freſh butter, FLOUR equal to freſh milk and white biſcuit in bags, ſhip bread in bags, coffee, aſſorted and Bohea tea, London loaf ſugar, rum in caſks in barrels and kegs, coffee, Jamaica, Weſt-India and Northward rum, by the hogſhead, quarter caſk, or quantity not leſs than three gallons, WINES, ſalt, bar ſoap, bear meals, a large variety of the neweſt faſhioned and brown and thread laces, juſt imported.*

He has alſo to diſpoſe of a *ſmall aſſortment of jewellery, conſiſting of plain and chaſed ſilver etwee caſes, ſome gold rings neat Morocco pocket books, with ſilver watch chains, ſeals, paſte, garnet and ſtone ſhirt, ſtock and knee buckles, paſte, garnet and ſtone jacket and ſome necklace ſteel and ſilver ſugar nippers, ſilver tweezers and ear rings, lancets in caſes, &c. &c. All* he will ſell exceedingly under the uſual *advance, or for one taking the whole.*

WANTED,

A SOBER ſingle Man, to undertake the Management of a Pair of Sawyers, near Charles-Town, and who underſtands a little of the Carpenter's Trade, he being anſwer the Subſcriber's Purpoſe; ſuch a Man, well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to William Logan, in Charles-Town, or to the Subſcriber in St. Thomas's Pariſh.

WHO intends very ſhortly to depart this Province, and in order to intitle himſelf to the Benefit of the Attachment Act, *Gives this public Notice*, that in the mean Time, he ſhall be ready to appear, either, or give Bail, to any Action, Suit or Summons, that may be brought againſt him in Terms of the ſaid Act. All Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber are requeſted to diſcharge and ſettle their Accounts by the 25th Inſtant, with William Logan, and thoſe to whom he is indebted are deſired to ſend in their Accounts, that they may be ſettled. All Accounts not ſettled by the Time above mentioned, will be put into the Hands of an Attorney and a Magiſtrate.

May 9, 1768. RICHARD BERESFORD.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

HENRY MILLER, of the province aforeſaid, who is now in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the ſuit of *Samuel Peronneau*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Samuel Peronneau*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſetting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 5, 1768.

TO BE SOLD, by Conſent of all Parties, on Tueſday the 17th of May inſtant, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town,

A LOT of LAND in Meeting-ſtreet, on White-Point, joining Mr. John Edwards, late the Property of Doct. THOMAS STINSON. Credit will be given to the firſt Day of July next, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, to

ROBERT DANIELL,
THOMAS JOELL.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILLIAM RANDALL intending to depart the Province, in the Month of June next, he deſires all whom he is indebted to, to ſend in their Accounts for Adjuſtment; and in order to intitle him to the Benefit of the Attachment Act, that no Pretence may be made to put the ſame in Execution againſt him, during his Abſence, gives this public Notice thereof.

TO BE SOLD at Auction, on Monday the 30th Day of May inſtant, at the Subſcriber's Houſe in King-ſtreet;

ALL the Houſhold Furniture, a neat Italian Chaiſe, an Eight Day Clock, a large Pruſſian Carpet, a Negro Man, and two Negro Women, that can cook, waſh and iron. WILLIAM RANDALL.

THIS is to acquaint the Public, That THOMAS IVERS, WILLIAM PRICE, WILLIAM HEST, and EDMUND HEAD, have eſtabliſhed a ROPE WALK on the North Side of this Town, and carry on the BUSINESS of ROPE-MAKING, under the Firm of

THOMAS IVERS, & Co.

They can compleat any Orders for CORDAGE in a ſhort Time, and will be much obliged to thoſe who pleaſe to favour them with their Cuſtom.

Orders are received by THOMAS IVERS, at the Rope-Walk, or by PRICE, HEST, and HEAD, at their Store on the Bay, where a compleat Aſſortment of CORDAGE will be always lodged for Sale. tbctf.

ALL *Perſons having any Demands on Dr. Thomas Stinſon, that have a Mind to come in for their Dividend on an Average with the Creditors, are deſired to ſend their Accounts properly atteſted to the Subſcribers, on or before the Tenth Day of July next.*

ROBERT DANIELL,
6 w. THOMAS JOELL.

WE *once more requeſt all thoſe that have Accounts open againſt them, on Dr. Stinſon's Books, that they will diſcharge the ſame by the firſt of June next, after that Day they may expect to ſettle with a Lawyer, this being the laſt Notice that will be given.*

ROBERT DANIELL,
THOMAS JOELL.

WILLIAM PROCTOR,

TAYLOR and HABIT-MAKER;

TAKES this Method of informing his Friends in particular, and the Public in general, that he has removed from Dorcheſter to Charles-Town, in Union-ſtreet, at the Corner of Dr. Chalmer's Alley, oppoſite Mr. Banbury; where he continues to make it his Study to carry on the Buſineſs to the Satisfaction of all who pleaſe to favour him with their Commands, in the neweſt Faſhion, and genteeleſt Manner, not inferior to any in America, with the quickeſt Diſpatch, and at a reaſonable Price.

ALL Perſons who are anywiſe indebted to the Eſtate of WILLIAM HALL, Houſe-Carpenter, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtate is indebted, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts properly atteſted, to

SUSANNA HALL, Executrix.
GEORGE SHEED, Executor.

ALL Perſons who are anywiſe indebted to the Eſtate of PHILIP WILLIAMS, are deſired to make immediate payment; and thoſe to whom the ſaid eſtate is indebted, are alſo deſired to give in their accounts properly atteſted, to

PETER SINKLER, Adminiſtrator.

ALL *Perſons having any Demands on the Eſtate of Iſaac Newton, late of St. Bartholomew's Pariſh, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, to* WILLSON COOK, *Adminiſtrator to ſaid Eſtate; and all thoſe anywiſe indebted thereto, are alſo deſired to make ſpeedy Payment.*

TO BE SOLD, on Cooper-River, One Hundred and Twenty Cords of green WOOD. Enquire of

MARY BROUGHTON.

STOPPED by JAMES OLIPHANT, Jeweller, in Broad-ſtreet, two SILVER TABLE SPOONS. Whoever can prove their Property, may have them, upon paying the Charge of advertiſing.

THIS *is poſitively to forbid all and every perſon or perſons whatſoever, after this date, either to hunt, fowl, fiſh, game, or ſhoot, within the ſubſcriber's incloſures; and as all moderate ſpeaking or threatening availeth nothing, every perſon or perſons that ſhall hereafter treſpaſs on my lands, and particularly within my incloſures, may poſitively depend upon being proſecuted to the utmoſt ſeverity of the law, as the ſubſcriber has been greatly damaged by ſaid treſpaſſes, pulling his fences, letting out his creatures, riding through his paſtures, leaving his gates or bars open, cutting his dams, and fiſhing where they pleaſed, or as took their fancy.*

May 3, 1768. WILLIAM NORMAN.

WHEREAS *the ſubſcriber ſometime ago adverтiſed, that all perſons to whom the eſtate of Joſeph Norman, deceaſed, was indebted, ſhould bring in their accounts, bonds, &c. in order to receive payment; and knowing that there was a bond from ſaid Norman to the eſtate of Mr. Henry Way, deceaſed, Mr. John Stuart, of Georgia, adminiſtrator, and that there was payment made on ſaid bond, this is therefore to deſire any perſon that hath, or knoweth of ſaid bond, to bring in or inform the ſubſcriber, that the bond may be diſcharged, on or before the firſt of January next, as by that time all the affairs of the eſtate will be ſettled, and they ſhall not get any of the remainder unleſs they can by law.*

WILLIAM NORMAN, Executor.

FOUND Yeſterday Morning, on Col. Beale's Wharf, a Quantity of Children's Clothes in a blue Bag, as alſo ſundry Women's Apparel, viz. 15 Caps, 3 Handkerchiefs, 3 Gowns, 2 Petticoats, 2 Shifts, 4 Aprons, and one Pair of Stays. The Owner may have them again, on paying for this Advertiſement, giving a ſmall Reward to the Finder, and applying to the Printer hereof. *May 9, 1768.*

WHEREAS the Co-Partnerſhip of TEBOUT and JOHNSON expires the 29th of July next, they take this Method of returning Thanks to all their Friends and Cuſtomers for all paſt Favours, and deſire thoſe that have any Demands againſt them to bring them in, and thoſe indebted to them, whoſe Accounts are of a long ſtanding, to make Payment as ſoon as poſſible, that they may be enabled to ſettle with their Creditors.

TEBOUT & JOHNSON.

TO BE SOLD,

By public outcry, at the vendue-houſe in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 26th of May inſtant, at two o'clock;

A LOT of land in the village of Jackſonſbourg, Ponpon, No. 12, containing 100 feet on the north ſide of King-ſtreet, and 218 feet in depth, on which are a very good two ſtory dwelling houſe, front and back ſtores, with other out buildings, late the property of David Maybank, deceaſed, and now in the poſſeſſion of Mr. James Drummond.

Six months credit will be given, on approved ſecurity, with intereſt. ROBERT WELLS.

TO BE LET,

A CONVENIENT Tenement in Meeting-ſtreet, near the Beef-Market Square, now in the poſſeſſion of Mrs. Imer, to be entered on immediately. Enquire of JAMES LAURENS.

Marr's Bluff, Pedee, April 14, 1768.

THE *ſubſcriber is informed of the following ſtrays, by the under mentioned perſons, viz.*

By William Fletcher, of a dark iron gray mare, about four years old, 13 hands high, a trotter, unbranded, and had on a ſmall bell.

By Walkinſhaw Thompſon, of a gray gelding, near 13 hands high, about four years old, a trotter, and has no perceivable brand. And,

By Elizabeth Perkins, of a ſorrel trotting gelding, with a ſtar on his forehead, the off hind foot white, branded on the mounting ſhoulder C 3.

The owners of the above ſtrays muſt prove their property before ROBERT WEAVER, J. P.

Charles-Town, May 6, 1768.

STOLEN *or ſtrayed from the Green near Charles-Town, four Months ago, a gray Gelding, about 14 Hands high, bred by William Langly, at Broad-River, branded on the mounting Shoulder* 21TS, *and on the Buttock* A. *Whoever delivers him to me in Charles-Town, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward.* EDWARD DEMPSEY.

THE ſubſcriber having removed from Tradd ſtreet into a houſe on White-Point, oppoſite John Savage, Eſqr deſires all perſons indebted to him by bond, note, or open account, to ſettle the ſame forthwith, as he is now poſitively determined to bring all his affairs in trade to as ſpeedy a concluſion as poſſible. SAMUEL PERONNEAU.

N. B. He has on hand a few kegs of freſh milk and water biſcuit, ſome excellent old malmſey wine in bottles, and London Madera in quarter caſks, for ſale. 6w.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A YOUNG Lad, that can write a tolerable good Hand, and who can bring a ſufficient Recommendation.—He will be employed in an Office that may be of great Service to him hereafter. For Particulars, apply to the Printer.

TO BE SOLD at EIGHT for ONE,

A LARGE quantity of low priced Iriſh linens, a good choice of well bought dowlas and brown hollands, a great variety of cottons and linens, with linen checks at 4ſ. 5ſ. and 6ſ3 per yard, by the ſingle piece. Enquire for JOHN DAVIES's ſtore in Bedon's-Alley.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION called Tunbridge containing 2000 acres, bounding to the eaſtward on Wright's river, to the weſtward on Henry Laurens, Eſq; to the north on a road leading to Shuter's Hill, and to the ſouth on lands of Jermyn Wright and Wright's river.

A plantation called Shuter's Hill, containing 554 acres, bounding on Henry Laurens, Eſq; and on Mr. James Sanders.

A tract of land on Savannah river, containing 820 acres, including Rocheſter's ferry.

A plantation near Savannah river, called the Cypreſs, containing 600 acres, in proper order for planting immediately.

A plantation called Cane Savannah, containing 600 acres, in proper order for planting immediately.

A tract containing 1282 acres, on the eaſternmoſt fork of Saltcatcher river, joining lands of Joſeph Butler.

A tract on Pedee river, containing 600 acres, bounding to the weſt on ſaid river, and on land of Samuel Maſters.

A plantation on Steven's Creek, near Auguſta, containing 300 acres.

Alſo four two acre lots in the town of Dorcheſter, known by the Numbers III, IV, IX and X.

The above lands in quality and ſituation, are inferior to none in the different parts of the province where they lie.

By an exact ſurvey it appears that the lands on Savannah river are not within the ſuppoſed lines of the barony formerly granted to Mr. Walter.

Perſons inclined to purchaſe, may apply to Egerton Leigh, or Peter Manigault, Eſquires, in Charles-Town, or to

JERMYN WRIGHT,
CHARLES WRIGHT.

Juſt publiſhed in a whole Sheet, for the Advantage of being hung up in Stores, Compting-Rooms, &c. and to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, *in Elliott-ſtreet,*

A Table of General and Additional Duty on Goods imported into and exported from this Province, Duty on Slaves, Pilots Fees, Fees of the Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in Charles-Town, &c.

A QUANTITY of choice TAMARINDS, in Earthen Pots, to be ſold at Charles Crouch's Printing-Office in Elliott-ſtreet.

DARBY PENDERGRASS,

INFORMS his Friends and Cuſtomers, that he has moved from Meeting-ſtreet to the Bay, in the Houſe formerly occupied by Mrs. Walker, and next Door to Captain Reid, where he continues the Taylor's Buſineſs as uſual, and has likewiſe an Aſſortment of ſuperfine Cloths, Trimmings, and other Materials fit for his Buſineſs, lately imported from England, and bought for ready Money; he will be much obliged to thoſe Gentlemen who will employ him, as they may depend on having their Work done in the neateſt and beſt Manner, and at a very moderate Price.

N. B. He has to ſell for Caſh, good Bohea Tea, at 25ſ. a Pound, plain and flowered Gauze, black Barcelona Handkerchiefs and Cravats, Chints, Cottons, Calicoes, and ſundry other Articles very cheap. 6 w.

Charles-Town, April 26, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Public, that Youth are at preſent educated at the PROVINCIAL FREE-SCHOOL, (according to the Plan ſome time ſince eſtabliſhed) under the Care of Mr. SAMUEL CAMPBELL, who was this Day approved of and appointed by the Commiſſioners to that Charge.

N. B. There are Vacancies for four Boys to be educated on the Foundation.

TO BE LET,

A PLANTATION, containing Thirty Acres of Land, whereon is a good Dwelling-houſe, Store-houſe, Dairy and Kitchen, pleaſantly ſituated on Aſhley-river, about four Miles from Charles-Town. Whoever is inclinable to leaſe the ſaid Plantation, may treat in Charles-Town with Mr. GEORGE PARKER, or with the Subſcriber, who is now at Stono. JAMES FITCH.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, containing 1486 Acres of Land, on a Branch of Cooſawhatchee Swamp, four or five Hundred Acres of the ſaid Land is very good for Rice; a ſufficient Quantity of Corn Land, and very great Plenty of good Timber of different Kinds; is not above ſix Miles from a Landing, and may be entered on immediately, there being near Two Hundred Acres of Rice and Corn Land cleared and fenced in. On the Land may be made, with little Trouble, a Dam that may contain a ſufficient Quantity of Water to water the whole of the Rice Land.—Any Perſon inclinable to be a Purchaſer, may treat with MORTON WILKINSON.

TO BE SOLD on Wedneſday the firſt Day of June next, at the Plantation where Dr. Lewis Mettet now lives in Gooſe-Creek Pariſh, upon Forſter Creek;

SIX NEGROES, a ſmall Stock of tame Cattle, amounting to about Forty Head, with ſome Houſhold Furniture, Plantation Tools, &c. All Sums not exceeding Thirty Pounds, to be CASH, and for all Sums above, Credit will be given to the firſt Day of September next, giving Security if required. WILLIAM WITHERS.

TO BE SOLD in St. Thomas's Pariſh,

A VERY valuable Plantation, containing 1000 Acres old Meaſure, of which there is 300 Acres of good Swamp, ſuitable for Rice, Corn, Indico, &c. and where there may be a Reſerve made to water the whole Swamp; the Up-land is well wooded, ſuitable for Bark, and very convenient to a Landing; there is a good Barn, and other convenient Out-Houſes. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to Meſſrs. ROBERT QUASH, junior, and PETER VIDEAU, in the ſaid Pariſh, or to the Subſcriber at George-Town, where the Plats may be ſeen. PETER BONNEAU.

On Tueſday the 24th of May Inſtant, will be ſold at public Sale, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town;

FIVE NEGRO MEN, two of them Tanners, and three Shoemakers; one of the Tanners is a faithful, honeſt Fellow, capable of managing and undertaking the whole Care of a Tan-Yard. Likewiſe one of the Shoemakers has been entruſted with the Care of a Shoemaker's Shop, without any Aſſiſtance from a White Man, for ſeveral Years; and the reſt of them are very good Workmen. Six or twelve Months Credit will be allowed, giving good Security, if required, and paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale. For further Particulars, enquire of RICHARD DOWNES.

Chriſt-Church Pariſh, April 20, 1768.

WHEREAS NATHAN LEGARE and CHARVIL WINGOOD, have advertiſed a Parcel of SLAVES to be ſold, belonging to the Eſtate of JOHN WINGOOD, deceaſed, theſe are therefore to FORBID any Perſon or Perſons from buying the ſaid Slaves then, or at any Time before the Tenth Day of May next, as the ſaid Slaves are my Property, bought at public Vendue ſometime ago of the above ſaid Charvil Wingood and Nathan Legare, at the Plantation of Charvil Wingood. Whoever therefore does buy any of the ſaid Slaves, or all of them, and takes them into their Poſſeſſion, then, or any Time after, may depend they will be proſecuted to the utmoſt Extent of the Law.

ANDREW HIBBEN, Executor of the abovesaid Eſtate.

On Thurſday the ſecond Day of June next, will be ſold by public Vendue, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town;

ONE Moiety or Part of a Lot known in the Model of the Town-Plat, by the Number CXXXVI, with a Houſe thereon, commonly called the Crown-Inn, with a large Kitchen, and other Conveniencies; the Lot is Thirty Feet in Breadth in Front, and about Two Hundred and Fifty Feet in Depth, but not ſo wide at the lower End as in the Front. Alſo to be ſold by the Subſcriber at the ſame Time, a large and airy PEW, at the lower End of the middle Aiſle of St. Philip's Church. DANIEL MUNRO.

DOWNES & JONES,

HAVE juſt imported in Captain Coombes, from London;

A GENERAL Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon, which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at their Store in Tradd-ſtreet.

They have imported a freſh Supply for their Store at Bacon's Bridge.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE good Maple Deſks. Enquire at Mr. Crouch's Printing-Office in Elliott-Street, of JAMES NISBET.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Heart of Oak, Capt. Henry Gunn, from London, by

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

And to be ſold at their Store in Tradd-ſtreet, a large aſſortment of GOODS, among which are the following articles, viz.

SIX Italian riding chairs compleat, militia drums, Oronoko and pigtail tobacco, blue jar raiſins and freſh currants, black pepper, childrens ſhoes and pumps, Poland ſtarch and hair powder, one yard and 6-4th wide book muſlin, plain and flowered gauzes, black and coloured India perſians and taffaties, India ginghams and cotton romals, freſh oil in flaſks, and Durham muſtard, braſs chair nails, large Dutch quills, yard and ell wide umbrelloes, Roman and common fiddle ſtrings and ſilver baſes, black and Hanover lace, black and coloured Barcelona handkerchiefs, blue and white ſpriged ſattin, white and coloured thread gauze for pavillions, ſilk ditto, very ſtrong four threads; plain and white flowered faſhionable ribbons, bohea tea, very cheap by the quantity, and a tub of fine hyſon tea, Ruſſia and Ravens duck, and Bridport canvas. Alſo a compleat aſſortment of thread and ſilk hoſe; a large collection of books, among which are, Burn's juſtice; Every man his own lawyer; Haweis's ſermons, and ditto on the ſacrament; Fordyce's ſermons; death of Abel; Meſſiah, &c. &c. ſingle and double refined ſugar, with many other articles too tedious to enumerate. Alſo a few quarter pipes of rich Calcavella and Liſbon wine.

CORRIE & CARSANS,

Have juſt imported in the Nancy, Capt. Jordan, from London;

A FRESH Supply of GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, which with Rum, Salt, Loaf and Muſcovado Sugar, Madera and Vidonia Wines, Flour and Biſcuit, they have to diſpoſe off on the uſual Terms, at their Store in Tradd-Street, where BRANDY may be had reaſonably by the Quarter-Caſk, or any ſmaller Quantity, exceeding three Gallons. 6 w.

ANNE MATHEWES,

HAS juſt imported in the Captains Jordan and Coombes, from London, a compleat aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon, amongſt which are;

A PIECE of fine black ſattin, coloured mantuas, an aſſortment of cruels, beſt needles of all ſorts, wax earrings and necklaces, very neat pompoons of all ſorts, gauzes of all ſorts, catgut, cap wire, childrens ſtays, and a great many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

CARNE & WILSON,

GIVE notice to all perſons without diſtinction indebted to them, either by bond, note, or book-debt, which already are, or may ſoon become due, that they diſcharge the ſame immediately, their co-partnerſhip being near a cloſe, and there being an abſolute neceſſity to ſettle ſaid concern. Thoſe in town will be waited upon by one employed for that purpoſe alone; and their country friends who have had their accounts tranſmitted to them, are requeſted to take the firſt opportunity of ſettling and paying off the ſame in Charles-Town.

TAKEN up on my marſh, a large new cypreſs canoe, rows with ſix oars, and ſteers with a rudder, but had neither oars nor rudder in her when found, ſhe is twenty-eight feet ſix inches long, and four feet two inches wide, the riſing under the thoughts is ſtruck with a bead, the thoughts themſelves are kneed down catter-corner, there is a waſh board abaft the ſtern-ſheet, made for the ſitters, the tranſom has two ſpikes to faſten it down, under the gunwales there are holes on both ſides, and a ſhort piece of chain with a ſtaple in the ſtem, ſhe has been lately paid over with tar and Spaniſh brown, and has no hole in the main thought, nor ſtep for a maſt. Whoever owns the above canoe may have her again, on paying for this adverti ſement, and giving a ſmall reward to ROBERT CLEMMONS.

TO BE SOLD on Tueſday the 31ſt of May inſtant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, by public Outcry, at the Vendue Houſe in Charles-Town;

A TOWN Lot, Number LXXI, in Charles-Town, containing 35 Feet in Front on Broad-ſtreet, and in Depth about One Hundred and Ninety-four Feet, more or leſs, whereon is a good Dwelling-houſe, and other Buildings, at preſent in the Poſſeſſion of Meſſrs. Robert & Samuel Burn, ſaddlers. The Conditions of Sale are Caſh or good Bills of Exchange on London.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THOMAS PARR, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the ſuit of ROBERT WAUD, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid ROBERT WAUD, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, February 15, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

HERMON HUST, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of three writs of *capias ad reſpondendum*, one at the ſuit of *Thomas Ferguſon*, Eſq; one at the ſuit of *James M'Kelvey*, and the other at the ſuit of *Thomas Barton*; and likewiſe by virtue of a writ of *capias ad ſatisfaciendum*, at the ſuit of *Chriſtopher Barr*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Thomas Ferguſon*, *James M'Kelvey*, *Thomas Barton*, *Chriſtopher Barr*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, March 24, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN OLIVER, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of a writ of *Capias ad Satisfaciendum*, at the ſuit of *Andrew Hibben*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Andrew Hibben*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 2, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

PETER HORN, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the ſuit of *Henry Laurens* and *Alexander Chiſolme*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Henry Laurens* and *Alexander Chiſolme*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 2, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

ZACHARIAH BLACKLEDGE, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of a writ of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, at the ſuit of *Roger Kelſal*, *Andrew Darling*, and *Simon Munrow*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Roger Kelſal*, *Andrew Darling*, and *Simon Munrow*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 2, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN HOLOWELL, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of ſeveral writs of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, viz. one at the ſuit of *Thomas Elfe*, one at the ſuit of *Melchar Werley*, one at the ſuit of *Samuel Prioleau, jun. & Co.* one at the ſuit of *Gabriel Manigault*, and one at the ſuit of *George Neddings*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Thomas Elfe*, *Melchar Werley*, *Samuel Prioleau, jun. & Co. Gabriel Manigault*, *George Neddings*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, April 5, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN GOOD, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of three ſeveral writs of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, viz. one at the ſuit of *Robert Neilſon*, one at the ſuit of *John Clunie* and *Charles Browne*, and the other at the ſuit of *John Ward* and *Peter Leger*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Robert Neilſon*, *John Clunie* and *Charles Browne*, *John Ward* and *Peter Leger*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, May 2, 1768.

ALEXANDER KIRKWOOD,

CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER,

HAS removed from the Shop next Door to the Poſt-Office, to one adjoining Mr. Sarrazin, and oppoſite to Mr. Dillon's Tavern, in Broad-ſtreet, where all Ladies and Gentlemen who chuſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend upon having their Work done in the genteeleſt and beſt Manner, and with the quickeſt Diſpatch.

For LONDON,

(To ſail the 15th May)

The Ship JENIFER,

GEORGE KERR, MASTER.

FOR Freight of Indico and Deer Skins, or for Paſſage, having very good Accommodations, apply to the ſaid Maſter at Burn's new Wharf.

A Quantity of fine old Vidonia Wine, to be ſold by the Pipe, Hogſhead, or Quarter Caſk, on very reaſonable Terms. Alſo Briſtol Beer and Cyder, empty Jugs, Boxes of ſhort Pipes, and a few Crates of yellow and fine Earthen Ware. JOHN NEUFVILLE.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

SUPPLEMENT to the *South-Carolina Gazette*, and *Country Journal*.

TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1768. No. 127. [Printed by Charles Crouch, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

TO Mr. CHARLES CROUCH.

SIR,

I am to deſire you will be pleaſed to publiſh the following in your Paper, as the beſt Apology I can make, for inadvertantly and unreaſonably offending the Character of Colonel

very much oblige,

very humble Servant,

WILLIAM HUNTER.

WHEREAS at a Court of General Seſſions begun to be held at Charles-Town, the Third Monday in [illegible] Courſe of my Examination, on [illegible] for the Murder of Joſeph Jer- [illegible] ons which ſeemed to imply that [illegible] threatened by Colonel Powell, [illegible] before him and Mr. Maurice [illegible] erning the aboveſaid Murder; [illegible] licly moſt ſincerely aſk Colonel [illegible], that I was ſo far from being [illegible] ried, or threatened by that Gen- [illegible] more at Eaſe than when at his [illegible] the greateſt Civility, Kindneſs [illegible] nducted himſelf throughout the [illegible] tneſs, Impartiality, and Juſtice [illegible], the following Gentlemen be- [illegible] Henry Richardſon, Captain Wil- [illegible] Godfrey, Mr. Jonah Horry, and [illegible] all join with me in declaring, [illegible] made before Colonel Powell, [illegible] owed from me without the leaſt [illegible] ing the Truth, viz.

PERSONALLY appeared [illegible] before us, George Gabriel [illegible], two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of [illegible] County, William Hunter, who being duly [illegible] its of Almighty God, ſayeth, [illegible] ober laſt, in the Evening, being [illegible] of John M'Dougal, at Kings- [illegible] Joſeph Jerdon in ſaid Houſe with a naked [illegible] finding no Provocation, Joſeph [illegible] in into the Scabbard, and laid [illegible] he Piazza, and called for his [illegible] ip; but finding it under the [illegible] Dougal, and ſwore, he, Jerdon, [illegible] Whereupon M'Dougal told Jerdon [illegible] would make it the deareſt ſtrike [illegible] Kings-Town." Then Jerdon [illegible] Face, but did not ſtrike him. [illegible] ing off his Cloaths, challenged [illegible] ſaid M'Dougal refuſed, ſay- [illegible] worth his while." At which [illegible] and uſing many aggravating [illegible] that M'Dougal had been do- [illegible] red Jerdon to walk into the [illegible] hey both went, and returned [illegible] the Space of a Quarter of an [illegible], both laughing; and Jerdon [illegible] where the Deponent was, [illegible] d, placing himſelf in a Chair [illegible] k ſaid Sword in his Hand, and [illegible] Jerdon, if "that was the Weapon [illegible]?" Jerdon making no Reply, [illegible] e did not clean it? thinking it [illegible] Life with ſuch a ruſty Wea- [illegible] rd Smith ſay he had ſeen him [illegible] ſays Jerdon, "it's in a very [illegible] a Hand as uſes it, if you [illegible] M'Dougal replied, "he would [illegible] loſe his Life as yet by him, [illegible] g for him, for the taking his [illegible] elſe to care for." "What [illegible] ys Jerdon, "you little Scotch [illegible] Wife?" Then Jerdon called the [illegible] ſome Victuals; M'Dougal [illegible] he had got enough of his Beef [illegible] And the Wench bringing Vic- [illegible] at it, and afterwards coming [illegible] of Punch, and he would pry [illegible], for he had laughed at him [illegible], if he laughed at him again, [illegible] Then Jerdon ſaid, "if I was to [illegible] you little Son of a Bitch? you [illegible] n't give me Punch?" At this [illegible] the Place where it had hitherto [illegible] Shoulder, ſaid, "he would put a [illegible] hereof, if he," M'Dougal, "was [illegible] with enough to take it off; he was a Scotch Scoundrel; "he would poſt him as a Coward in George-Town;" which M'Dougal ſaid, "he did not mind," and told him, "if he would bring the juſt Sum he owed, which was be- "tween Seven and Eight Hundred Pounds, that he would "then give him a Chance." To which Jerdon very readily agreed; and taking his Horſewhip in his Hand, walked out into the Yard, and aſked Mrs. Punch if "ſhe would give "him ſome Punch? for that the little Scotch Raſcal would not "give him any; a little Scotch Son of a Bitch would not ſee "a Man; he is a little Coward." At which M'Dougal repeatedly ſaid, aloud, that Jerdon was "a damn'd Vil- "lain." At which Jerdon turned himſelf round, called a Negro Fellow to go to Mrs. Wilſon's, and bring him ſome Punch. M'Dougal replied, "if you bring any Punch here, "I will break the Bowl in your Face." At which Jerdon ſaid, "will you, by God?" The other replied, "I will by "God." Then Jerdon made anſwer, "I will do for you, "damn you;" And running up the Steps of the Piazza, with a drawn Sword in his Hand, ſaying, "Hunter, look at "the little Coward, he won't ſee me; if his Wife was "here, he would ſee me, becauſe ſhe would run in between "us." Then he made a Flouriſh with his Sword, having one Foot within the Threſhold of the Houſe, the other without, ſaying, "advance Mac." M'Dougal then made a ſtop, who was before walking to and fro in his Houſe, with one Hand in his Boſom, and the other in his Waiſtcoat Pocket. When Jerdon cried out, "Oh! you little Son of "a Bitch, you have got a Knife, have you!" Immediately thereupon, M'Dougal advancing towards him, Jerdon put the Point of his Sword to M'Dougal's Coat, towards his Breaſt, but did not puſh at all at him. M'Dougal then put it by with his Hand, and cloſing in upon Jerdon, and catching hold of the Blade of the Sword, ſtruggling for the ſame, aſked leave for to come out; and M'Dougal keeping his hold of the Sword, whilſt Jerdon had the Hilt, they ſtruggled. Jerdon retreating backwards acroſs the Piazza, down the Steps thereof and along the Yard, until he fell over a Chair, when M'Dougal ſtooped upon him, in a Poſture as though he intended to wound him; and the Deponent believes, he M'Dougal, did wound Jerdon there, but with what Inſtrument he cannot tell. Then Jerdon jumping up, ran from M'Dougal, holding his Hands to his Belly; and M'Dougal running after him, ſaid, "ſtop the Murderer, "for I am a dead Man;" and overtaking Jerdon at the Corner of a Smith's Shop, about 78 Yards from the Place Jerdon fell over the Chair in M'Dougal's Yard, they had a Scuffle, in which Jerdon picked up an old Stave, the Size of a Beef Barrel Stave, ſtruck M'Dougal over the Head, and they both fell. Then Jerdon immediately getting up, and turning his Body to run from M'Dougal again, the Deponent ſaw him all covered with Blood, and beckoning with his Hand towards Mrs. Punch, he fell down and died, ſay about 25 Yards from the Corner of the Smith's Shop; M'Dougal paſſing by him, ſaying "there he lies, damn him, "better he lay there than me, God damn his Soul;" and afterwards went to his Houſe. And having a Cut between his Finger and Thumb, about a Quarter of an Inch, Mrs. Goddis dreſſed it. And drinking a Glaſs of Punch, he ordered Supper for the ſeveral People that were in his Houſe: And in a Diſcourſe between him and Gilchriſt, he ſaid, that "he had killed Jerdon, which he would not deny; it was "with his left Hand, and with his own Weapon; that he "had wrenched it in him, damn him did he, with a good "Will; and if it was yet to do, he would do it again." This Deponent ſayeth, that he is certain, that M'Dougal did actually kill Jerdon, but not with a Sword; for, that the Deponent took the Sword from off the Ground at the aforeſaid Chair, which Jerdon fell over, in M'Dougal's Yard, and taking particular Notice of the Blade thereof, he ſaw no Sign of any Blood or Stain of Blood thereupon. The Deponent ſayeth, that he, with others, went the ſame Evening the Murder was committed, and alſo the next Morning, to look for the Knife that M'Dougal had murdered Jerdon with, but did no find any. The Deponent further ſayeth, that a Negro Man belonging to his Schooner, called Edinburgh, declared, that he ſaw M'Dougal have a Knife in his Hand at the Time Jerdon fell over the Chair, and heard him, Jerdon, cry out "Murder;" and that afterwards M'Dougal threw the ſaid Knife under the Kitchen. The Deponent further ſayeth, that he verily believes, that Joe Jerdon had no Intention to kill M'Dougal, becauſe, if he had any ſuch Intention, he had Opportunity enough, and might have done it any Time that Day. The Deponent being aſked the Character of M'Dougal, ſayeth, that he hath a very bad Character amongſt his Neighbours; for that he is very proud and imperious, and extremly paſſionate and violent, and apt to ſtrike and aſſault People who were at Times at his Houſe, and an unfit Man for a Magiſtrate, who himſelf ſo frequently brake the Peace. And further this Deponent ſayeth not.

WILLIAM HUNTER.

Sworn to, before us, this 22th day of January, 1768.

G. G. POWELL.

MAURICE SIMONS.

The above acknowledgment was this Day read to and examined by William Hunter, and declared and acknowledged, by him, to be his own Act and Deed. And did deliver the ſame to Col. Powell in our Preſence. As Witneſs our Hands, this 14th Day of April, 1768.

BENJAMIN YOUNG,
PETER HORRY,
JAMES CRAWLY.

For SALE,

A TRACT of land, containing 650 acres, old measure, on Ashepoo great swamp, near the Fish-pond Bridge; it is esteemed by good judges to be one of the best tracts on that swamp, and (from its situation, proportion of high and low land, &c.) appears to be admirably calculated for a flatted rice plantation.

A TRACT, containing 600 acres, consisting of a cluster of islands, situate on the east side of Ashepoo-river, a little above Bennet's Point. The islands are connected by a hard marsh, of which there are several thousand acres adjacent, which renders it an excellent and never failing range for cattle, sufficient to maintain five or six hundred head. There is a creek which runs almost round the tract, and by digging a short canal to lead it to the river, will make it entirely insulat from any other. Pork may be raised there to great advantage, as the islands abound with acorns; the land is also extremely good for corn or indico, and has several good landings on it; there is now on it a small stock of cattle, horses, hogs, &c. which will be sold either with, or without the land. Any one disposed to purchase, may apply in Charles-Town, to

RICHARD HUTSON.

THE Subscriber intending to decline Shoemaking, will sell two or three Negro Shoemakers; they have done all my business for nine Years past, and are at least equal to any Negroes of the Trade in this Province, the eldest of them only 22 Years old. All Persons indebted to him for Boots, Shoes, &c. are desired to discharge the same immediately; he hopes his Country Friends will pay due regard to this, as he cannot conveniently apply any other way to them.

JOHN MATTHEWS.

WANTS Employment in a STORE,

A YOUNG Man who has served in that Capacity, and can be well recommended. Enquire of

HARLESTON & BONNEAU.

TO BE LET,

A BRICK Tenement, on the West Side of King-street, at present occupied by WILLIAM RANDALL, Esquire.

Enquire of FREDERICK GRIMKE.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

July 22, 1767. A new negro fellow, calls himself *Bellfast*, [illegible] his master's name is *Robin*; he is about five feet six inches high, full faced, and has the mark of a shot on his left thigh, which he said was done by his master; has on an old white negro cloth jacket and yellow breeches; and was taken up at Mr. Bull's plantation, Silk-Hope.

September 30. A negro wench of the Angola country, who calls herself JENNY, but can't tell her master's name; she is a short wench, of a yellow complexion, with very small breasts; she has on an old white negro cloth wrapper and petticoat. Taken up at Mr. Waring's plantation at Beech-Hill.

November 8. A negro fellow of the Yallunka country, calls himself *Ditt*, and his master BILLY HAZZARD, he is 5 feet 7 inches high, full faced, his ears bored, teeth filed, a pretty long beard, and his country marks on his right arm; has on a white negro cloth wrapper and trowsers. Taken up at William M'Laughlin's plantation at Ponpon.

December 6. A negro fellow of the Angola country, calls himself *Jeffry*, says his old master's name was *John Williams*, and died in Georgia, but the rest of the negroes being seized, he run-away to go to his young master in North-Carolina, whose name is *William Williams*; he is four feet eleven inches high, full faced, about 40 years of age, and has on an old camblet jacket and black everlasting breeches. Taken up at Cuckhold's creek, Combahee.

April 30. A negro fellow of the Coromantee country, calls himself CUPPEY, says he belonged to *Stephen Townsend*, and was sold to *Josiah Perry* at Stono: He has on an old white negro cloth jacket and blue breeches. Taken up at Mr. Thomas Scott's plantation the other side of Ashley-Ferry.

For RHODE-ISLAND,

THE SLOOP

SALLY,

NATHAN KEAIS, MASTER.

FOR Freight, apply to the said Master, or

NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

ALL Kinds of Blanks used in this Province, and good Writing Paper, to be sold by CHARLES CROUCH, at his Printing Office in Elliott-street.

THE Subscribers are under a necessity of closing all their concerns, therefore give this notice, that all accounts not paid, or settled by bond, by the 25th day of June, will be put into the hands of an attorney to be sued for.—The longest indulgence, where there is bonds, will not exceed the first of October next, and that only to those we know will be punctual.—Those either in the private concerns of John Perdriau, as well as those with Perdriau and Fabre, will pay due regard to this, as no other notice will be given.

1 m. PERDRIAU & FABRE.

Charles-Town, January 6, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Messrs. Thomas Liston and William Hope, of Charles-Town, merchants, have assigned all their debts and effects to the subscribers, in trust, for paying out the money to arise therefrom, such of the creditors of Middleton, Liston and Hope, and of the said Thomas Liston and William Hope, as shall within twelve months from this day, consent and agree to receive a dividend of their debts, in average and proportion, as far as the said money will extend, and thereupon to execute general releases of their said demands as against the said Thomas and William; the other creditors are excluded from any share of the said money; therefore those who are willing to accept dividends upon the terms above mentioned, are desired to signify such consent, and transmit their accounts duly attested, within the time above limited.

Robert Oswald having likewise assigned to us all the books and effects belonging to himself, and as partner with Oswald and Tuquet, upon the same terms and conditions as the foregoing, all persons interested are desired to take due notice.

BENJAMIN SMITH,
HENRY LAURENS,
JOHN NEUFVILLE,
JOHN F[illegible]TLEDGE,
JOHN C[illegible]APMAN,
WILLIA[illegible]SAVAGE,
WILLIA[illegible]PRICE.

☞ Mr. John Logan being impowered to [illegible]ose the several concerns above mentioned, all debts due t[illegible]hem will be sued for, if not satisfactory settled with, or [illegible] to him, by the first of June next.—No other notice will [illegible] given.

Wanted for a FISH Dan[illegible]

TWO small Canoes or Doreys, about 10 or 12 [illegible] long, proportionably wide and stiff enough to fish in [illegible]th three or four Persons on board. Enquire of the Prin[illegible]

BARROCK BILLY,

AS high a bred Horse as any in the Province, will Cover this Season at the Hut on Horse-savannah, for three *Guineas* each Mare. 9w. LOWRY PRINCE.

Just imported in the Prince of Wales, Captain Mason, from Philadelphia,

LEWIS's superfine Flour in Barrels and Kegs, Ship and Water Bread, to be sold, by WILLIAM WEBB.

DAVIES & WAYNE,

OF CHARLES-TOWN;

HAVING assigned over to me, in Behalf of the Creditor in England, their Books, Bonds, Notes, Accounts, and other Effects; I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE thereof, and advise all Persons whatsoever indebted to them, to settle with me, and pay their Debts, as I am determined to put every such Debt in Suit as fast as I can make them out.

I also give the same Notice to all Persons indebted to the Estate of ANDREW JOHNSTON, and THOMPSON and HUNTER, deceased, late Merchants of this Province.

ROBERT RAPER.

JOHN PAUL GRIMKE,

HAS just imported in the ship Heart of Oak, Captain Henry Gunn, from London;

TORTOISE-SHELL combs, plain and jewelled, great variety of jewellery and silversmith's work of the strongest and best workmanship, in the newest fashions, cases of silver handled knives and forks, silversmiths tools and files, with all kinds of things that is made in the gold and silver way, to be sold reasonable at his shop in Broad-street.

RUN-AWAY from my Plantation at Hilton-Head, some Time ago, a Mustee Fellow, named JULY, has long straight Hair, well made, and about 40 Years old, had on when he went away white Negro Cloth Cloaths, his Coat cuffed with Blue. Whoever will deliver him to me at Hilton Head, shall be handsomely rewarded.

SAMUEL GREEN.

A Table of Rates of Wharfage of Ships and Merchandize, and Rates of Storage in *Charles-Town*, to be sold by CHARLES CROUCH, at his Office in Elliott-street.

ADDITION to the SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE, and COUNTRY JOURNAL,

TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1768. No. 127. [Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

LEGHORN, JANUARY 22.

WE have received here from Baſtia the news that the republic of Genoa has conſented to the plan of pacification propoſed by the Corſicans. We know not yet the conditions; but it is pre- that the firſt article ſtipulates the free poſſeſſion of and an independency of government in favour of the ns; it being underſtood that the mediating powers will antees of the treaty. We learn alſo from cape Corſe, neral Paoli, after providing for every thing relative fortification of the frontiers, and viſiting the moſt im- places of the iſle, was returned to Corte, the uſual his reſidence, where an aſſembly of the national had been holden, the reſult of which is expected with nce.

SANNE, January 25. *According to advices juſt re- from Geneva there is ſome hope of a reconciliation n the great and little councils and the citizens of that . The declaration delivered by the repreſentatives of r, on the 19th of this month to the commiſſion of the f two hundred, reſpecting the plan for that purpoſe, been carried on the 20th to the great and little counſe two bodies made ſome changes and modifications in was then reſolved to convoke a general council on the ich accordingly aſſembled that day, and approved, by ity of 947 votes againſt 49, of the propoſal of the uncil for putting off the election till the thirty firſt of . If this election be made, then a total pacification public muſt follow.*

RID, January 26. *The commiſſion eſtabliſhed by the al to which five biſhops have been admitted, whom ve ſent for here, continues it's deliberations, not only they ought to make of the effects that belonged to the Jeſuits, but alſo on the reformation of the clergy, and of remedying the abuſes which are crept into the management of the monaſteries; and laſtly, on the putting on a better footing the univerſities of the*

OMA, January 19. *They write from Corte, that ther Buttafoco, a Corſican by nation, and a Captain ſuite of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, is arrived there he, and has brought Paoli a convention ſigned be- republic of Genoa and the Corſicans. This news d for over all the iſle; and in conſequence thereof, s are preparing to evacuate it.*

January 29. *A few days ſince died here ceſs Grimaldi, conſort to the reigning Doge, aged . The unhappy end of this lady, who was re- as well for her virtues as her beauty, excites the of every one. She was ſtanding in her chamber ſtood to the fire, when the flames caught hold of her with ſuch violence, that they could not be extinguiſhed conſumed her body. She languiſhed twelve days, in terrible tortures.*

Public notice has been given in plant, which has been woollen and cotton, will belonging to the province of Caracca and Dividivi. In ſeveral the ſame properties with the gall nut of Alleppo, a fine black. The royal junto of commerce are for extending this branch of trade, and the it for a certain number of years from

The day before yeſterday the put off again for three of this is, that ſeveral te than appeaſe peoples Among others, the of the confederacy of Grodno, which againſt Prince Repnin; the Pope's brief all that addreſſed to the delivered, on Saturday laſt, that the King ought ſign any thing which may the Catholic religion. The biſhops have re- . The nuncio has even delivered, on to the great chancellor, in ſubſcribe to any articles communicated. It is ſaid have refuſed to contribute, but time will diſcover a ſimple refuſal on their part is ſufficient at this time. ties are laid on beer, wine and brandy.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 1.

Empreſs of Ruſſia being informed that the Duke of Courland had been impriſoned in the Baſtile at Paris, immediately diſpatched an expreſs to her ambaſſador at Verſailles, to quit the French Court without taking leave. In conformity to which, his excellency had packed up his baggage, and was preparing to ſet off, when he received a ſecond expreſs not to depart till further orders; which coming to the knowledge of the French miniſtry, they ſent him word, that as his baggage was ready, he need not be at the trouble of unpacking it; on which his excellency immediately ſet out for Petersburgh.

On the repreſentations of the ambaſſador from Great-Britain, the ſhip of that nation, which was detained in the arſenal at Conſtantinople, has been releaſed. The Dragoman of the French conſul at Cairo, named Roboli, arrived lately in that capital, and is now in priſon at Bagna. Some ſerious conſequences are apprehended from this affair. Other advices from Cairo ſay, that Ali Beg had collected an army together, and had taken poſſeſſion of the Nile above and below the town, ſo as to prevent any proviſions paſſing; which had occaſioned the greateſt conſternation: And from Alexandria of a later date, that on the 23d of October laſt, ſeven Begs of the town had collected an army, and divided it; the one that attacked above the town was entirely routed, and the other in the greateſt confuſion; ſo that it is apprehended that Ali Beg will ſoon be maſter of both cities.

There is advice from Cadiz, of the arrival of the frigate Venus, from Buenos-Ayres, with one hundred and fifty-one Jeſuits on board from Paraguay; and that three more ſhips with one hundred more of thoſe fathers were ſeparated from the above mentioned frigate by bad weather, at the mouth of the river Plata. She ſailed from Rio de la Plata, the 12th of October laſt, and has brought home with her 686,770 pieces of eight.

Sir Charles Knowles, Baronet, late Admiral of the blue, is appointed Admiral of the white, in the room of Sir Edward Hawke, who is appointed Admiral and commander in chief of the fleet.

We are informed, that Mr. Michael Woods, mathematician in Liverpool, having lately preſented to the honourable board of longitude, a plan for finding out the longitude by ſea, they were pleaſed to take the ſame into their conſideration, and have expreſſed their approbation thereof.

We hear alſo, that the above Mr. Woods will be admitted a fellow of the Royal Society.

FEBRUARY 2. Yeſterday morning was married at the Earl of Bute's houſe, in South-Audley-ſtreet, his Excellency Sir George M'Cartney, to the Hon. Lady Jane Stuart, ſecond daughter of the Right Honourable the Earl of Bute: Immediately after the ceremony, they ſet out for his Excellency's ſeat at Combe, in Surry.

They write from Madrid, that the Court had given orders for the eſtabliſhment of a port, and Spaniſh garriſon, in the bay of Salvador, on the coaſt of California.

According to recent letters from Quebec, there is advice, that certain Indians at the back of Lake Superiour, had informed the Engliſh, that ſeveral hundred miles inland, there is a populous nation of white men, with beards, and acquainted with the uſe of fire-arms, and poſſeſſed of a very fertile country, environed with mountains, but that their dreſs or language neither reſembled the Engliſh, French, or Dutch.

A letter from Warſaw, dated January 9, ſays, "By ſome letters juſt received we are informed, that the pretended Czar Peter III. has been made priſoner by the Turks at Dalmatia, and conducted to Conſtantinople. It remains to be known, whether he will be delivered up to the Ruſſians, or tried by the Divan."

On Saturday the Earl of Hillſborough, ſecretary of ſtate for the American Colonies, removed to his new office at the treaſury, where the buſineſs of the ſaid Colonies will hereafter be tranſacted.

Mr. Larjeant and Mr. Sayer, are appointed clerks to the Earl of Hillſborough, in his new department.

FEBRUARY 5. His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland is preparing to enter on board the fleet. He is to rank under Commodore Spry in the Mediterranean, as a midſhipman, in order to perfect himſelf in the ſea ſervice, being deſigned to fill a high employment in that department.

Monday died Sir Robert Rich, Baronet, Field Marſhal of his Majeſty's Forces, and Colonel of the fourth Regiment of Dragoons.

Laſt week orders were ſtuck up in ſeveral of the priſons about town, that no perſon whatever ſhould demand or take garniſh of either debtors or felons, on pain of being puniſhed as the law directs.

FEBRUARY 4. At a meeting of the merchants of Liverpool, a propoſal was read for opening the Eaſt-India trade. By this ſcheme, chambers are propoſed to be eſtabliſhed at London, Briſtol, Liverpool, Hull, and Glaſgow, the firſt to furniſh the government with three millions, the two next with one million ſix hundred thouſand pounds each; and the two laſt eight hundred thouſand pounds each; in the whole with eight millions, at two per cent. in conſideration of which the trade to be free to theſe chambers only. As this ſcheme is not yet fully explained, nothing more can be ſaid of it at preſent.

The national debt in the reign of King Charles II. was not a ſingle ſhilling. In 1768, the national debt is upwards of one hundred and thirty millions.

The late mayor of Oxford, with ſeveral gentlemen of that corporation, were this day called before the Houſe of Commons for mal-practice, with reſpect to the enſuing election of members for that city. They were ſeverely reprimanded, and committed to Newgate.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, Eſq; kiſſed his Majeſty's hand, on being appointed Colonel of the fourth regiment of dragoons, in the room of Sir Robert Rich, deceaſed.

We are aſſured, that the Right Hon. the Earl of Chatham has reſigned his place of lord keeper of the privy ſeal, and that a commiſſion is preparing, for appointing three perſons to act pro tempore in that ſtation, till another is appointed to ſucceed him.

Baron Meinertzhagen, the King of Pruſſia's reſident at Cologn, having received letters of recall, has taken leave of that court in the uſual form, previous to his returning home.

By a letter from New-York, there is advice of the death of Capt. James Stevens, lately in the royal artillery. He ſerved with remarkable conduct and bravery in ſeveral engagements in Flanders, America, and Germany. In Flanders, at Fontenoy, he was cut down and trampled on, and ſo much wounded as to be trepanned; and in America he had the command of the artillery when the brave Lord Howe was killed.

We are informed, by a gentleman arrived from Embden, that his Pruſſian Majeſty had given orders for ſeveral ſhips to be fitted out there, this ſeaſon, for the whale fiſhery in the Greenland ſeas.

They write from Breſt, that orders were received for the immediate equipment of three frigates of war, and a large ſhip en flute, to be ſent early in the ſeaſon to Newfoundland.

A few days ago died, at Rathcoſſy, in the county of Kildare, in Ireland, aged 120, Mrs. Alice Dunn, a widow gentlewoman, who retained her ſenſes to the laſt.

The following remarkable affair lately happened at a village in Norfolk:——A Gentleman's coachman having frequently loſt his corn, bruſhes, and even his horſe-rubbers, for all which his maſter uſed to make him pay, was determined to ſit up all night and watch the thief; when a perſon came in and began to take out ſome oats out of the bin with a ſieve, when the coachman ſeized him by the collar, and to his great ſurprize found it was his own maſter; but being of true athletic mould, gave his maſter a very hearty drubbing, who cried out, Sirrah! I am your maſter; it is a d——d lie, replied the coachman, ſtill keeping drubbing on; do you think my maſter would be ſuch a raſcal and villain to rob himſelf?

FEBRUARY 6. Orders are ſent to the commanders of his Majeſty's ſhips at Portſmouth and Plymouth, to take on board an extra number of men, above the middle complement, to be in readineſs to man the ſhips fitting out for immediate ſervice.

FEBRUARY 8. This day his excellency the Count de Chatelet, ambaſſador from France, had his firſt private audience of his Majeſty, to deliver his credentials. And afterwards M. Durand, miniſter plenipotentiary in the abſence of the ambaſſador, had his audience of leave of his Majeſty.

The ſame day the gentlemen from Oxford who were confined in Newgate, by order of the Houſe of Commons, were diſcharged.

We learn from Hull, that Major Alderton has ſubſcribed one hundred guineas towards a commodious building for the Maſons lodge.

FEBRUARY 9. A moſt dreadful ſtorm of wind and ſnow, which neither man nor horſe could face, happened lately in the ſouthern and weſtern parts of Scotland. Many perſons periſhed in it, and the accounts of the effects appear almoſt incredible.

FEBRUARY 10. It is ſaid that the patriotiſm of a certain nobleman will ſhortly be reſtored to its antient ſplendor and unrivelled luſtre, by his procuring a pardon for a certain exile; and thereby reſtoring to his country a patriot who has ſuffered more for it than perhaps any one in the preſent age or nation.

The partizans of Mr. Wilkes now give out, that he will ſoon be appointed Governor of the Bahama-Iſlands.

Two Daniſh agents were lately committed to the Tolbooth, in the city of Glaſgow, charged with inveigling ſeveral manufacturers of Paiſley, Glaſgow, and parts adjacent, his Majeſty's ſubjects, to quit the kingdom, and enter into foreign ſervice.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed Captain Ommanney to the command of the Otter frigate, lately launched at Deptford.

The affairs of our colonies being at length, moſt happily for them, as well as for the mother country, put under the direction of a nobleman, long diſtinguiſhed for his great abilities and his truly patriotic ſpirit, who has thoroughly ſtudied them, perfectly underſtands them, and pays a due regard to their importance, it is juſtly hoped, that many groſs abuſes therein, which have been too long over-looked, or connived at, will now be rectified, and many new and ſalutary regulations introduced, which are greatly wanted. In Jamaica particularly, it is ſaid, that the two courts of *chancery* and *errors* which have hitherto proved the moſt oppreſſive grievances, by keeping the properties of many worthy ſubjects cruelly locked up by unneceſſary delays, will, by the Earl of Hillſborough's means, be changed into courts of relief: And that the new Governor, who is ſoon to ſet out for that iſland, will be eſpecially inſtructed to give all poſſible diſpatch to the numerous ſuits which have for many years been depending in thoſe two courts, in both of which he preſides.

The iſland of St. John, near Newfoundland, is, we hear, [illegible] a free port, and will enjoy the ſame privileges as Dominico, and other ports [illegible]

FEBRUARY 12. Lord Baltimore has voluntarily ſurrendered himſelf in the court of King's bench, upon the charge that had been exhibited againſt him before Sir John Fielding, by Sarah Woodcock, for a rape, and was admitted to bail. At the ſame time Mrs. Griffinburgh, who had voluntarily ſurrendered herſelf to Sir John Fielding, and was by him committed to priſon, for aiding and aſſiſting his Lordſhip, was, in like manner, brought before that honourable court, and admitted to bail. As was alſo Mrs. Harvey, who about ſeven weeks ago had been committed to Newgate by the juſtice for the ſame offence.

A noble Lord has, we hear, engaged to eat ſix pounds of pork ſauſages in half an hour, for a wager of 600 guineas.

FEBRUARY 13. That moſt Honourable and important title of *Great Commoner*, which has been extinct ever ſince July, 1766, is now happily revived in the perſon of that great friend to liberty, and inflexible enemy to bribery and corruption, Mr. Alderman Beckford, one of the worthy repreſentatives of this metropolis.

FEBRUARY 16. According to recent letters from Genoa, the republic had engaged to build ten new ſhips of war of different rates, for the ſervice of France, by the middle of June 1771.

There is a perſon now in London, who, after many years endeavouring to make ſtarch from other grain than wheat, at laſt was convinced, that ſtarch from the flour of maize, with a mixture of other materials (that will not diſtreſs the poor) would not only anſwer all the purpoſes of ſtarch made in this kingdom, but that it might be brought to ſuch a perfection, as to be greatly ſuperior in quality and beauty to the fineſt ſtarch imported from Poland; and that, in a few days, ſamples would be ready for the approbation of the public.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Thorpe in Yorkſhire, to his friend in London, dated February 11.

"However incredible the following particulars may appear, you may be aſſured of the veracity of it: About a year ſince an old man of this place, aged 94 years, was married to a woman of 83, by whom he had a child born on the 20th of laſt month, which is likely to live, as the mother went her full time."

FEBRUARY 17. On Monday night died in Great Ruſſel-ſtreet, Bloomſbury, the Right Hon. Arthur Onſlow, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's moſt honourable privy council, and ſpeaker of the houſe of commons for upwards of 33 years.

Private letters from Hague adviſe, that a new treaty of alliance and friendſhip is now negotiating there, and in great forwardneſs, between the court of Pruſſia and the States General.

It is ſaid that the alterations and amendments made in the bill lately agreed to here for limiting the duration of parliaments in Ireland are but few, and ſo well calculated that the moſt judicious are of opinion, that the bill will not be rejected there, notwithſtanding the many inſinuations circulated to the contrary. It ſeems the Iriſh parliament can reject even their own bill, if it is not paſſed here in the exact form they ſend it, without the leaſt variation.

A nephew of a late eminent judge of the law has lately appeared, and claims his fortune as heir at law. The cauſe is to be heard this week in the court of common pleas.

Extract of a letter from Liverpool, dated February 22.

"At an adjournment of the meeting holden on Thurſday the 4th inſtant, to take into conſideration the propoſals reſ-

tive to application for laying open the East-India trade, a committee was appointed to attend on the propoſer in the council room in the exchange, and all others admitted who pleaſed to come. The reſult of ſeveral of theſe meetings is, that the ſcheme appears very plauſible, and if it can be compleated, will be of the greateſt advantage to the ports immediately concerned, and to the public in general. Two of the committee are appointed to attend the propoſer to London, to enquire ſtill farther into ſo very important a ſcheme."

FEBRUARY 18. Tueſday a remarkable cauſe came on in the court of King's bench, between a purſer of a man of war, plantiff, and a preſident of a ſociety of free-maſons, defendant, for being indecently admitted as a brother into their ſociety, who claimed a refundment of the ſums of money which he paid for his inſtitution: After a long hearing, the plantiff was non-ſuited.

We hear that not only his Majeſty's ſhips of war will be ſheathed with copper, but the cupola at the bank buildings, and all public domes, will be covered for the future with the ſame material, as being much lighter, and infinitely the cheapeſt method for a term of years.

The price of wheat is fallen at Whitehaven 2s. 6d. per quarter, large quantities having been lately imported there from Holland and Flanders.

FEBRUARY 20. Yeſterday a fire broke out in the Queen's nurſery, which it is ſuppoſed had been ſmothering for ſeveral days, as ſome of the joiſts were crumbled to a coal. It being timely diſcovered, however, before it broke out into a flame, it was ſoon extinguiſhed without any other material damage, except frightening her Majeſty, and thoſe who were about the palace.

We hear, by private letters from Dublin, that the inhabitants there, to the number of not leſs then ten thouſand, upon hearing the octennial bill was arrived, waited upon his excellency the Lord Lieutenant, to return him thanks for his great care and attention to the intereſt of Ireland

And we alſo hear by other letters from Dublin, that the next day there were upwards of twenty thouſand people waiting to know the event; and upon hearing it had received the royal aſſent, the evening concluded with all public demonſtrations of joy throughout that city and liberty, with ringing of bells, bonfires, &c.

We hear that an account of the ſeveral new manufactures which have been ſet up in all North-America ſince the year 1730, and the encouragement which have been given to them, are immediately to be tranſmitted to England; and to be continued every year in future.

FEBRUARY 24. We hear that on Monday ſome diſpatches were ſent away to his excellency ſir Henry Moore, governor of New-York, in conſequence, it is ſaid, of ſome late reſolutions.

They write from Leghorn, that a treaty is on foot between the courts of Spain and Portugal, for yielding up to his Catholic Majeſty the whole country of Paraguay in South-America, hitherto equally claimed by both crowns.

It is with confidence aſſerted at the weſt-end of the town, that ſeveral commoners will be made peers at the riſing of parliament; ſeveral promotions will be made in his Majeſty's army and navy; and that the following changes will certainly take place, and are all arranged in order to have a ſtrong and permanent adminiſtration, viz. The Earl of Temple, firſt lord of the treaſury. The Duke of Grafton, lord privy ſeal. Right Hon. George Grenville, [illegible] keeper of the great wardrobe. Earl of Sandwich, firſt lord of the admiralty. Sir George Macartney, an Iriſh peer, and joint Poſt-maſter. Lord Holland, cofferer. Lord Mountſtuart, envoy and plenipotentiary to Turin. Robert Rigby, Eſq; ſole Pay-maſter. Thomas Townſhend, Eſq; Vice-treaſurer of Ireland. W. G. Hamilton, Eſq; Vice-treaſurer of Ireland. Lord Charles Spencer, Comptroller of the houſhold. Auguſtus Hervey, Eſq; Lord of the Admiralty. Lord Suffolk, Lord of the bed-chamber. Lord George Sackville, Treaſurer of the navy. Henry Seymour, Eſq; Lord of the Treaſury. Earl of Chatham, to retire on his penſion. Earl of Shelburne, to reſign. Earl of Aſhburnham to reſign. Sir Edward Hawke, made a peer, and retire on his penſion. George Pitt, Eſq; to be a peer. George Cooke, Eſq; to reſign. Colonel Iſaac Barré, Eſq; to reſign. J. Shelley, Eſq; to reſign, and continue clerk of the pipes. Earl of Denbigh, to reſign, and continue maſter of the fox hounds. Lord Howe, to reſign, and be made an Admiral.

FEBRUARY 26. They write from the Hague, that a triple alliance, offenſive and defenſive, is now forming between the courts of Sweden, Denmark and Pruſſia.

Letters from Edinburgh, of the 20th inſtant, mention melancholy accounts having been received there from Alloa, of the effects of the ſtorm, on Tueſday the 9th inſtant, in which many perſons periſhed.

Wedneſday a remarkable cauſe was brought on before Lord Manſfield in the court of King's bench at Guildhall, between Mrs. L. plaintiff, and Mr. P. defendant, for 1000l. being the penalty of a bond given by the defendant, in caſe he ſhould marry any other perſon than the plaintiff, which it appeared he had done ten years after his giving the bond, the jury (which was a ſpecial one) gave a verdict for the plaintiff for the whole ſum.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, dated February 16, nine at night.

"The octennial bill of limiting the duration of parliaments in this kingdom, ſo ardently wiſhed for, paſſed the houſe of lords laſt night; there were fifty-four for the bill, and three againſt it. Above five thouſand people attended on College green, and when the duke of Leinſter went into his chair, in order to return home, the populace inſiſted on carrying him in it, on their ſhoulders, which they did, amidſt the acclamations of many other ſpectators: they alſo attended the Lord Chancellor and Dr. Lucas home to their houſes; thoſe that went with the latter had a number of lighted flambeaux. This day our worthy Lord Lieutenant (whoſe conduct may ever be an example to future viceroys!) went to parliament, and paſſed the above bill; there was the greateſt concourſe of people ever remembered, and many of the populace attempted to draw his coach. Addreſſes from all our corporations, &c. are preparing to be preſented to him; the city of Dublin propoſe to have his picture put up in the Tholſel. At this hour the city is illuminated, and fire-works playing off in College green, Weavers ſquare, &c.

The number of ſhips ſaid to be built in France, ſince the late war, is quite a miſtake; they were ſhips engaged for at Genoa, Sweden, &c. and being finiſhed, are now ſent home; ſeveral are alſo made up of our old Eaſt-Indiamen.

The parliament of Ireland and the miniſtry of England have diſappointed each other; it being far from the intention of either, that a late popular bill ſhould have paſſed.

FEBRUARY 27. Several perſons of diſtinction and fortune, of no little eminence in the political world, were lately met together, and diſcourſing concerning the times, a noble Lord was deſired to give his opinion;—he replied, what the Roman hiſtorian [Livy] ſaid to his Country, at a certain period of his hiſtory, will beſt expreſs my ſentiments: *Ad illa tempora, in quibus nec vitia noſtra nec remedia pati poſſumus, perventum eſt.*

A letter from Glaſgow ſays, "The following is the ſtate of the buſſes employed in the herring fiſhery on the weſt of Scotland, as it was extracted from the cuſtom-houſe books of Glaſgow. The number of buſſes cleared out in September, 1767, was 122, containing 4610 tons, and navigated by 1834 men, of which belong to Campbeltoun 88 veſſels, containing 3722 tons, with 1005 men. Total bounty of 122 veſſels is 11,525l. of which Campbeltoun draws 8,393l. 15s. The number of veſſels rendezvouzed at Campbeltoun, which did not clear out, was 138; number cleared out, 122; in all 260. The uncertain fund for payment of the herring bounty is like to give another turn to the ſpirit of our fiſhers; many of our buſſes will probably be employed next ſeaſon in the Newfoundland fiſhing, and thoſe that are not ſo employed will ſcarcely venture to fit out on the preſent footing; and thus, by the want of proper attention, we are about to give this advantage to others."

WHITEHALL, February 16. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint George Howard, Eſq; Lieutenant General of his Majeſty's forces, to be Governor of the royal hoſpital near Cheſſea in the county of Middleſex, in the room of ſir Robert Rich, bart. deceaſed.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint John Moſtyn, Eſq; Lieutenant General of his Majeſty's forces, to be Captain General and Governor in chief in and over the Iſland of Minorca, and the town and garriſon of Port-Mahon, and the caſtles, forts, and other works and fortifications thereunto belonging, and all other towns and places within the ſaid Iſland, in the room of Lt. General George Howard.

BRISTOL, February 5. On Tueſday the 26th of laſt month, the cauſe which has been ſo long depending between the late Mr. Barnes, and the poſt-maſter of Bath, concerning the demand of halfpence for delivering letters at the houſes of the perſons to whom directed, was moved in the court of King's bench; when, on the opening, the judges were unanimouſly of opinion, that the demand of any money over and above the uſual rates of poſtage, for delivering letters at the houſes to which they were directed, was illegal, and ordered judgment to be entered accordingly.

DUBLIN, February 13. *Monday laſt an expreſs arrived from England with the bill for the limitation of our parliament, which his Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to grant, at the repeated and almoſt united requeſt of this kingdom. The alteration in it from ſeven to eight years was neceſſary to give four compleat ſeſſions; and by the diſſolution, which is to take place the 24th of June next, the ſame effect will be produced as if the bill had paſſed at the commencement of his preſent Majeſty's reign. This almoſt deſpaired of event has cauſed the moſt univerſal rejoicings among all ranks of people, who, with unfeigned gratitude, expreſs their thanks to the beſt of Kings, for ſending them a viceroy, whoſe ability and intereſt have been ſo ſucceſsfully and effectually exerted in ſo many inſtances for the advantage of this hitherto diſtreſſed country, and on whom they have the juſteſt reaſon to place the [illegible] repreſent their ſituation with integrity, candor and impartiality; the conſequences of which have been, that in half a ſeſſion his Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to grant them a bill to ſecure judges in their places, a bill for taxing abſentees, a bill for the limitation of future parliaments, and a diſſolution of the preſent.*

To his Excellency GEORGE Lord Viſcount TOWNSHEND, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland, the humble ADDRESS of the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes, in Parliament aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE, *his Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the commons of Ireland, in parliament aſſembled, think it incumbent on us to teſtify to your excellency, our grateful ſenſe of your excellency's effectual endeavours in favour of the bill for limiting the duration of parliaments in this kingdom.*

It is with the higheſt ſatisfaction we reflect, that the auſpicious reign of our patriot ſovereign has been diſtinguiſhed by the return of a bill ſo eſſential to the conſtitution, and to the advancement of the proteſtant religion in this country. And we congratulate your excellency upon an event, which muſt add a luſtre to your adminiſtration, and remain as a monument to poſterity of the diſintereſtedneſs and independency of this houſe.

February 18. *This day his excellency the Lord Lieutenant went in ſtate to the houſe of peers, with the uſual ſolemnity, and the commons being ſent for, gave the royal aſſent to the following bill: An Act for limiting the duration of parliaments.*

His excellency the Lord Lieutenant was attended to the houſe of peers by the Earl of Mornington and Lord Viſcount Mountmorris; upon his excellency's return to the caſtle, after giving the royal aſſent to the octennial bill, the populace, to ſhew their reſpect, gratitude and affection to his excellency, by means of cords covered with ſcarlet cloth, and faſtened to his excellency's carriage, partly drew it along, notwithſtanding the horſes were to it as uſual.

The following is the ADDRESS of the Houſe of Commons to his Majeſty, on occaſion of the return of the octennial bill.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, *your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the commons of Ireland, in parliament aſſembled, beſeech your Majeſty to accept our unfeigned and grateful acknowledgements, for the condeſcenſion which your Majeſty has ſo ſignally manifeſted to your ſubjects of this kingdom, in returning the bill for limiting the duration of parliaments, which we conſider not only as a gracious mark of paternal benevolence, but as the wiſe reſult of royal deliberation.*

ALL perſons having demands againſt the eſtate of Archibald Starrat, deceaſed, are deſired to make the ſame known by the firſt day of January, 1769, as part of ſaid eſtate will be then remitted to the heirs in Ireland, purſuant to the laſt will and teſtament of the ſaid deceaſed.

ANNE STARRAT, Executrix.
tf m. JOSIAS ALLSTON, Executor.

A Very commodious Dwelling Houſe in Friend-Street, to be let. Enquire of WILLIAM LENNOX.

A DRAIN or Water-Paſſage, not leſs than Fifty Feet wide, and of a ſufficient Depth to drain the Lands on the Cypreſs Swamp, in the Pariſh of St. George, Dorcheſter, is to be cut in and through the Lands leading from Bacon's Bridge, up the Channel or Water-Paſſage of the ſaid Swamp, to the High-Road acroſs the ſaid Swamp leading into the Orangeburgh Road, commonly called the Cypreſs Road, and from thence to the Plantation of Robert Eckles. Thoſe who may be willing to undertake the cutting and compleating the ſaid Drain or Water-Paſſage, are deſired to ſend their Propoſals in writing to any of the following Commiſſioners.

DANIEL BLAKE,
D. DOYLEY,
DAVID OLIPHANT,
WILLIAM SANDERS,
BEN. WARING,
HENRY SMITH,
JOHN JOOR,
JAMES SANDERS,
JOHN JOOR, junior.

Charles-Town, April 21, 1768.

ALL Perſons claiming Lands on which any of the Fortifications now are, or have been, erected, are deſired to meet the COMMISSIONERS of the FORTIFICATIONS, at the Houſe of Eliſha Poinſett, on Tueſday the Tenth of next Month, being May, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, in order to produce their Titles, and to make known their Claims, that the Value may be aſcertained to the Claimants.

ANY Perſons willing to undertake building the Parapet Wall from Mr. Roper's Wharf to the Flood-Gate, with Bermuda Stone, or Brick, are deſired to ſend in their Propoſals ſealed up to the Clerk of the Commiſſioners of Fortifications, on or before the Twelfth of next Month.

By Order of the COMMISSIONERS of the FORTIFICATIONS.

The following Paragraph of an Act of Aſſembly, paſt the Eleventh Day of April, 1768, is here inſerted, in order that none may plead Ignorance thereof, viz.

AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, *by the Authority aforeſaid*, That from and aft[er] the paſſing of this Act, if any white Perſon ſhall preſum[e] to remove or take away any of the Stones, Bricks, Earth, [illegible]les, or other Materials, uſed or to be uſed in making or e[rect]ing the ſaid Fortifications, laid or to be laid on the Fro[nt] thereof, for ſtrengthening or ſecuring the ſame againſt the [illegible]aters, that every ſuch Perſon, upon being lawfully convict[ed] of ſuch Offence, ſhall forfeit and pay to the Informer, t[he] Sum of Twenty-Pounds Proclamation Money, and in D[e]fault of Payment, be publicly whipped, not exceeding T[hi]rty-nine Laſhes; And in Caſe any Slave ſhall commit the ſa[me] Offence, or ſhe ſhall be whipped, not exceeding Thirt[y] through Charles-Town, by the Direction of [any] of the Commiſſioners of the Fortifications, unleſs the [Maſter] of ſuch Slave ſhall redeem the Puniſhment, by paying a Fine of Twenty Pounds Proclamation Money, one Moiety to the Perſon informing, and the other Moiety for the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſhes of St. Philip and St. Michael, in Charles-Town.

The Extent of which Power, the Commiſſioners of the Fortifications are reſolved to put in full Execution againſt all Offenders.

By Order of the Board,
ELISHA POINSETT, *Clerk.*

TO BE SOLD on Wedneſday the 18th Day of May next, at the Plantation of the late Benjamin Green, deceaſed, upon Hilton Head;

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid deceaſed, co[n]ſiſting of about Twenty valuable SLAVES, amo[ng] whom are Sawyers, Boatmen, and handy Boys and G[irls], a Stock of Horſes, Hogs, and neat Cattle, Hou[ſe]hold Furniture and Plantation Tools. The Conditions [will] be made known at the Sale. All Perſons having any D[e]mands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in [pro]perly atteſted, and all thoſe indebted to the ſame, to mak[e] Payment without further Notice, from

ELIZABETH GREEN, Adminiſtratrix.
SAMUEL GREEN, Adminiſtrator.

JUST arrived from LONDON,

JOHN & SARAH CRANE,

Taylor and Mantua-Maker from London, with their names in gold letters over their Door, in Tradd-ſtreet, in the houſe where Dr. Bulline did live;

TAKE this method of informing the gentlemen and ladies of this Town, that they are removed from Mr. Burn's wharf, and continue to make it their ſtudy to carry on their buſineſs to the ſatisfaction of all who pleaſe to favour them with their commands, in the neweſt faſhion and genteeleſt manner.

N. B. Mrs. Crane likewiſe makes hats, bonnets, cloaks, cardinals, capuchins, childrens ſlips and jams, in the neweſt taſte.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subſcriber, at Gooſe Creek,

FIFTY or ſixty Head of good tame Cattle, that ranges near Gooſe Creek Bridge, and two likely Mares in Foal by Starling. BENJAMIN SMITH.

For ANTIGUA,

(Will ſail in fifteen Days)

The Sloop RUTH,

EDWARD KING, *Maſter;*

HAS Part of her Cargo engaged. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the ſaid Maſter.

STOLEN or ſtrayed from Jackſonſburgh, the twentieth of March laſt, a bay gelding, with a bald face, and a glaſs off eye, about 14 hands and an half high, branded SL. on the nigh buttock. Likewiſe a ſorrel gelding, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder 17, and on the off buttock F, his tail and mane much lighter coloured than his body. Whoever will bring the ſaid horſes to me in Jackſonſburgh, ſhall have ONE DOLLAR reward for each, with all reaſonable charges. SAMUEL WISE.

WANTS a Place, as a Houſe-keeper in a creditable Family, an elderly Gentlewoman, who can be well recommended. For Particulars, enquire of the Printer.